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## KCC2 (D1R2R) Rabbit mAb



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<b>Applications:</b> WB, IP, IF-F	Reactivity: H M R	Sensitivity: Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 130-260	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #Q9H2X9	Entrez-Gene Id 57468	
Product Usage Information	Ap	Application			Dilution		
	We	Western Blotting			1:1000		
	Imi	munoprecipitation		1:100			
	Imi	Immunofluorescence (Frozen)			1:100		
Storage		•		7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 not aliquot the antibody		erol and less than	
	For	For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #56440.					
Specificity / Sensitiv	vity KC	KCC2 (D1R2R) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total KCC2 protein.					
<b>Source / Purification</b> Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals wi residues surrounding Ala970 of human KCC2 protein.					h a synthetic peptide corresponding to		
Background	resp elec chlo dete can Alte con are	The potassium/chloride cotransporter 2 (KCC2, SLC12A5) is a neuron-specific transport protein responsible for regulating the cotransport of potassium and chloride ions. KCC2 uses the energy of the electrochemical potassium gradient to export chloride ions from cells, therefore maintaining intracellular chloride ion concentrations in mature neurons (1,2). The intracellular concentration of chloride ions determines the neuronal response to the inhibitory neurotransmitter GABA and glycine. As a result, KCC2 can play a critical role in regulating neuronal excitability in mature central nervous system neurons (3-5). Altered KCC2 expression and reduced KCC2 activity can result in an increase in intracellular chloride ion concentrations and subsequent hyperexcitability of neuronal systems. Cases of aberrant KCC2 function are associated with neurological disorders, such as multiple forms of epilepsy, neuropathic pain, and schizophrenia (6-10).					
Background Refere		ayne, J.A. et al. (19 elpire. E. (2000) <i>Ne</i>	,				

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- 3. Rivera, C. et al. (1999) Nature 397, 251-5.
- 4. Woo, N.S. et al. (2002) Hippocampus 12, 258-68.
- 5. Zhu, L. et al. (2005) J Neurophysiol 93, 1557-68.
- 6. Arion, D. and Lewis, D.A. (2011) Arch Gen Psychiatry 68, 21-31.
- 7. Hyde, T.M. et al. (2011) J Neurosci 31, 11088-95.
- 8. Kaila, K. et al. (2014) Curr Opin Neurobiol 26, 34-41.
- 9. Mòdol, L. et al. (2014) Pain 155, 1577-90.
- 10. Kahle, K.T. et al. (2014) EMBO Rep 15, 766-74.

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot). **Species Reactivity** 

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, Western Blot Buffer

0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key** 

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation IF-F: Immunofluorescence (Frozen)

**Cross-Reactivity Key** 

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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**Limited Uses** 

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