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Acetyl-α-Tubulin (Lys40) (D20G3) XP[®] Rabbit mAb (PE Conjugate)



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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications:Reactivity:Sensitivity:Source/Isotype:UniProt ID:Entrez-Gene Id:FC-FPH M R Mk ZEndogenousRabbit IgG#P6836310376

Product Usage
InformationApplicationDilutionFlow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)1:50

Storage Supplied in PBS (pH 7.2), less than 0.1% sodium azide and 2 mg/ml BSA. Store at 4°C. Do not aliquot the

antibodies. Protect from light. Do not freeze.

Specificity / Sensitivity Acetyl-α-Tubulin (Lys40) (D20G3) XP[®] Rabbit mAb (PE Conjugate) detects endogenous levels of α-tubulin

only when acetylated at Lys40. This amino acid is not conserved in β -tubulin.

Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology:

Xenopus

Source / Purification Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic acetylpeptide corresponding to

residues surrounding Lys40 of human α-tubulin.

Product Description This Cell Signaling Technology antibody is conjugated to phycoerythrin (PE) and tested in-house for direct

flow cytometry analysis in human cells. This antibody is expected to exhibit the same species cross-

reactivity as the unconjugated Acetyl-α-Tubulin (Lys40) (D20G3) XP® Rabbit mAb #5335.

BackgroundThe cytoskeleton consists of three types of cytosolic fibers: microtubules, microfilaments (actin filaments),

and intermediate filaments. Globular tubulin subunits comprise the microtubule building block, with α/β -tubulin heterodimers forming the tubulin subunit common to all eukaryotic cells. y-tubulin is required to nucleate polymerization of tubulin subunits to form microtubule polymers. Many cell movements are mediated by microtubule action, including the beating of cilia and flagella, cytoplasmic transport of membrane vesicles, chromosome alignment during meiosis/mitosis, and nerve-cell axon migration. These movements result from competitive microtubule polymerization and depolymerization or through the

actions of microtubule motor proteins (1).

Background References 1. Westermann, S. and Weber, K. (2003) Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol 4, 938-47.

Species Reactivity Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Applications Key FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)

Cross-Reactivity Key H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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