# Fra2 (D2F1E) Rabbit mAb



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## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

| Applications:       | Reactivity: | Sensitivity: | MW (kDa): | Source/Isotype: | UniProt ID: | Entrez-Gene Id: |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| WB, IP, IHC-P, ChIP | Н           | Endogenous   | 35-45     | Rabbit IgG      | #P15408     | 2355            |

# Product Usage Information

For optimal ChIP results, use 10  $\mu$ I of antibody and 10  $\mu$ g of chromatin (approximately 4 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells) per IP. This antibody has been validated using SimpleChIP<sup>®</sup> Enzymatic Chromatin IP Kits.

| Application                     | Dilution |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| Western Blotting                | 1:1000   |
| Immunoprecipitation             | 1:50     |
| Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) | 1:7500   |
| Chromatin IP                    | 1:50     |

## **Storage**

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100  $\mu$ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at  $-20^{\circ}$ C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #51520.

# Specificity / Sensitivity

Fra2 (D2F1E) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total Fra2 protein. This antibody does not

cross-react with c-Fos or Fra1.

Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology:

Bovine, Horse

#### Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Val245 of human Fra2 protein.

#### Background

The Fos family of nuclear oncogenes includes c-Fos, FosB, Fos-related antigen 1 (FRA1), and Fos-related antigen 2 (FRA2) (1). While most Fos proteins exist as a single isoform, the FosB protein exists as two isoforms: full-length FosB and a shorter form, FosB2 (Delta FosB), which lacks the carboxy-terminal 101 amino acids (1-3). The expression of Fos proteins is rapidly and transiently induced by a variety of extracellular stimuli, including growth factors, cytokines, neurotransmitters, polypeptide hormones, and stress. Fos proteins dimerize with Jun proteins (c-Jun, JunB, and JunD) to form Activator Protein-1 (AP-1), a transcription factor that binds to TRE/AP-1 elements and activates transcription. Fos and Jun proteins contain the leucine-zipper motif that mediates dimerization and an adjacent basic domain that binds to DNA. The various Fos/Jun heterodimers differ in their ability to transactivate AP-1 dependent genes. In addition to increased expression, phosphorylation of Fos proteins by Erk kinases in response to extracellular stimuli may further increase transcriptional activity (4-6). Phosphorylation of c-Fos at Ser32 and Thr232 by Erk5 increases protein stability and nuclear localization (5). Phosphorylation of FRA1 at Ser252 and Ser265 by Erk1/2 increases protein stability and leads to overexpression of FRA1 in cancer cells (6). Following growth factor stimulation, expression of FosB and c-Fos in quiescent fibroblasts is immediate, but very short-lived, with protein levels dissipating after several hours (7). FRA1 and FRA2 expression persists longer, and appreciable levels can be detected in asynchronously growing cells (8). Deregulated expression of c-Fos, FosB, or FRA2 can result in neoplastic cellular transformation; however, Delta FosB lacks the ability to transform cells (2,3).

#### **Background References**

- 1. Tulchinsky, E. (2000) Histol Histopathol 15, 921-8.
- 2. Dobrazanski, P. et al. (1991) Mol Cell Biol 11, 5470-8.
- 3. Nakabeppu, Y. and Nathans, D. (1991) Cell 64, 751-9.
- 4. Rosenberger, S.F. et al. (1999) J Biol Chem 274, 1124-30.
- 5. Sasaki, T. et al. (2006) Mol Cell 24, 63-75.
- 6. Basbous, J. et al. (2007) Mol Cell Biol 27, 3936-50.
- 7. Kovary, K. and Bravo, R. (1991) Mol Cell Biol 11, 2451-9.

**Species Reactivity** 

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

**Western Blot Buffer** 

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key
Cross-Reactivity Key

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC-P: Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) ChIP: Chromatin IP

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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