#86495 store at ±40

PKCθ (E1I7Y) Rabbit mAb (PE Conjugate)



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Applications: FC-FP	Reactivity: H M R	Sensitivity: Endogenous	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #Q04759	Entrez-Gene Id: 5588	
Product Usage Information	Ap	plication			Dilution	
	Flo	Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)			1:50	
Storage		Supplied in PBS (pH 7.2), less than 0.1% sodium azide and 2 mg/ml BSA. Store at 4° C. Do not aliquot the antibody. Protect from light. Do not freeze.				
Specificity / Sensiti	vity PKC	PKCθ (E1I7Y) Rabbit mAb (PE Conjugate) recognizes endogenous			θ protein.	

Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology:

Bovine

Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Pro632 of human PKCθ protein.

Product Description

This Cell Signaling Technology antibody is conjugated to phycoerythrin (PE) and tested in-house for direct flow cytometry analysis in mouse cells. This antibody is expected to exhibit the same species cross-reactivity as the unconjugated PKC0 (E1I7Y) Rabbit mAb #13643.

Background

Activation of protein kinase C (PKC) is one of the earliest events in a cascade that controls a variety of cellular responses, including secretion, gene expression, proliferation, and muscle contraction (1,2). PKC isoforms belong to three groups based on calcium dependency and activators. Classical PKCs are calcium-dependent via their C2 domains and are activated by phosphatidylserine (PS), diacylglycerol (DAG), and phorbol esters (TPA, PMA) through their cysteine-rich C1 domains. Both novel and atypical PKCs are calcium-independent, but only novel PKCs are activated by PS, DAG, and phorbol esters (3-5). Members of these three PKC groups contain a pseudo-substrate or autoinhibitory domain that binds to substrate-binding sites in the catalytic domain to prevent activation in the absence of cofactors or activators. Control of PKC activity is regulated through three distinct phosphorylation events. Phosphorylation occurs in vivo at Thr500 in the activation loop, at Thr641 through autophosphorylation, and at the carboxy-terminal hydrophobic site Ser660 (2). Atypical PKC isoforms lack hydrophobic region phosphorylation, which correlates with the presence of glutamic acid rather than the serine or threonine residues found in more typical PKC isoforms. The enzyme PDK1 or a close relative is responsible for PKC activation. A recent addition to the PKC superfamily is PKCµ (PKD), which is regulated by DAG and TPA through its C1 domain. PKD is distinguished by the presence of a PH domain and by its unique substrate recognition and Golgi localization (6). PKC-related kinases (PRK) lack the C1 domain and do not respond to DAG or phorbol esters. Phosphatidylinositol lipids activate PRKs, and small Rho-family GTPases bind to the homology region 1 (HR1) to regulate PRK kinase activity (7).

Background References

- 1. Nishizuka, Y. (1984) Nature 308, 693-8.
- 2. Keranen, L.M. et al. (1995) Curr Biol 5, 1394-403.
- 3. Mellor, H. and Parker, P.J. (1998) Biochem J 332 (Pt 2), 281-92.
- 4. Ron, D. and Kazanietz, M.G. (1999) FASEB J 13, 1658-76.
- 5. Moscat, J. and Diaz-Meco, M.T. (2000) EMBO Rep 1, 399-403.
- 6. Baron, C.L. and Malhotra, V. (2002) Science 295, 325-8.
- 7. Flynn, P. et al. (2000) J Biol Chem 275, 11064-70.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

1/1/24, 6:51 AM PKC0 (E1I7Y) Rabbit mAb (PE Conjugate) (#86495) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology

Applications Key

FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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