0666 Store at -200

MRP6/ABCC6 (D9D1F) Rabbit



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Applications: WB, IP	Reactivity: H M R	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 160-200	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #O95255	Entrez-Gene Id 368	
Product Usage Information	Ap	plication			Dilution		
	We	stern Blotting			1:1000		
	lmı	munoprecipitation			1:50		
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20° C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity / Sensitiv		MRP6/ABCC6 (D9D1F) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total MRP6 protein. This antibo also cross-reacts with unidentified proteins of 65 kDa and 135 kDa.					
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues near the carboxy terminus of human MRP6 protein.					
Background	(AB MRI MRI (LTC incr may infe Mut rece the	The multidrug resistance-associated protein 6 (MRP6, ABCC6) is a member of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) family transporters that move drugs and hydrophobic compounds across cell membranes. The MRP6 protein is expressed mainly in liver and kidney, and in other tissues to a lesser extent (1). Identified MRP6 substrates include the glutathione conjugate of N-ethylmaleimide (NEM-GS) and leukotriene C4 (LTC4), with more tentative MRP6 substrates under investigation (2,3). Research studies show that increased MRP6 expression correlates with induced cholesterol biosynthesis, which suggests that MRP6 may be involved in lipid and cholesterol homeostasis (4). A small isoform of MRP6 is up-regulated in HBV infected hepatocytes and protects the cells from apoptosis mediated by caspase 3 and caspase 8 (5,6). Mutations in the corresponding <i>ABCC6</i> gene cause pseudoxanthoma elasticum (PXE), an autosomal recessive disorder that is characterized by the accumulation of mineralized and fragmented elastic fibers in the skin, eyes, and arteries (7,8). Mutations in <i>ABCC6</i> also result in generalized arterial calcification of infancy, an ectopic calcification disease that lies along a spectrum of similar disorders with PXE (9).					
Background Refere	1. Kool, M. et al. (1999) <i>Cancer Res</i> 59, 175-82. 2. Iliás, A. et al. (2002) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 277, 16860-7. 3. Belinsky, M.G. et al. (2002) <i>Cancer Res</i> 62, 6172-7.						

- 3. Belinsky, M.G. et al. (2002) Cancer Res 62, 6172-7.
- 4. Kuzaj, P. et al. (2014) Lipids Health Dis 13, 118.
- 5. Ostuni, A. et al. (2013) FEBS Lett 587, 3058-62.
- 6. Ostuni, A. et al. (2014) Protein Pept Lett 21, 413-8.
- 7. Bergen, A.A. et al. (2000) Nat Genet 25, 228-31.
- 8. Ringpfeil, F. et al. (2000) Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 97, 6001-6.
- 9. Nitschke, Y. et al. (2012) Am J Hum Genet 90, 25-39.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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1/1/24, 1:22 PM **Limited Uses**

MRP6/ABCC6 (D9D1F) Rabbit mAb (#10666) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology

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