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BATF (D7C5) Rabbit mAb (PE Conjugate) Cell Signaling TECHNOLOGY* Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355) orders@cellsignal.com

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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: React FC-FP H		UniProt ID:Entrez-Gene Id:#Q1652010538
Product Usage Information	Application	Dilution
	Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)	1:50
Storage	Supplied in PBS (pH 7.2), less than 0.1% sodium azide and 2 mg/ml BSA. Store at 4°C. Do not aliquot the antibodies. Protect from light. Do not freeze.	
Specificity / Sensitivity	BATF (D7C5) Rabbit mAb (PE Conjugate) recognizes end	logenous levels of total BATF protein.
Source / Purification	Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals v residues near the carboxy terminus of human BATF protei	
Product Description	This Cell Signaling Technology antibody is conjugated to phycoerythrin (PE) and tested in-house for direct flow cytometry analysis in human cells. This antibody is expected to exhibit the same species cross-reactivity as the unconjugated BATF (D7C5) Rabbit mAb #8638.	
Background	Basic leucine zipper transcriptional factor ATF-like (BATF) is a basic leucine zipper (bZIP) transcription factor and is part of the AP-1/ATF family that forms inhibitory dimers with members of the Jun family (1-3). Expression of BATF is largely restricted with highest levels found in mature T cells, and it is induced in B cells following immune responses including viral infection (1,2). BATF expression is also induced by IL-6 via a Stat3-dependent mechanism (4). BATF plays an important role in the differentiation of immune cell lineages (5-7). Studies of BATF-deficient mice have demonstrated a critical role for BATF in the formation of IL-17-expressing Th17 cells, in part, by regulating the expression of IL-17 (5,6). BATF knockouts are resistant to experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EEA), consistent with the role of Th17 cells in this model for autoimmunity (5). Additional studies have found that BATF is important in generating antibody class switching. BATF is required for the generation of follicular helper T cells (Tfh), by regulating BCL6 and c-Maf (6,7). In B cells, BATF controls the expression of activation-induced cytidine deaminase (AID) and regulates class-switched antibody responses (7). Taken together, these studies suggest that BATF is a key regulator of distinct populations of immune cells.	
Background References	 Dorsey, M.J. et al. (1995) Oncogene 11, 2255-65. Hasegawa, H. et al. (1996) Biochem Biophys Res Comit 3. Echlin, D.R. et al. (2000) Oncogene 19, 1752-63. Senga, T. et al. (2002) Oncogene 21, 8186-91. Schraml, B.U. et al. (2009) Nature 460, 405-9. Betz, B.C. et al. (2010) J Exp Med 207, 933-42. Ise, W. et al. (2011) Nat Immunol 12, 536-43. 	mun 222, 164-70.
Species Reactivity	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one a	pproved application (e.g., western blot).
Applications Key	FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)	
Cross-Reactivity Key	 H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected 	
Trademarks and Patents	Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling All other trademarks are the property of their respective ow information.	
Limited Uses		

BATF (D7C5) Rabbit mAb (PE Conjugate) (#27120) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology

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