e at -20C	CDC20 (D6C2Q) Rabbit mAb		CHNOLOGY®
Store at		Orders:	877-616-CELL (2355) orders@cellsignal.com
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Applications: WB, IP	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 51	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #Q12834	Entrez-Gene Id: 991
Product Usage	Application			Dilution		
Information	We	estern Blotting			1:1000	
	Imr	nunoprecipitation			1:200	
Storage	•	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity / Sensitivity		CDC20 (D6C2Q) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total CDC20 protein. This antibody does not cross-react with FZR1 protein.				
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues near the amino terminus of human CDC20 protein.				

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Background	The cell division cycle demands accuracy to avoid the accumulation of genetic damage. This process is controlled by molecular circuits called "checkpoints" that are common to all eukaryotic cells (1). Checkpoints monitor DNA integrity and cell growth prior to replication and division at the G1/S and G2/M transitions, respectively. The cdc2-cyclin B kinase is pivotal in regulating the G2/M transition (2,3). Cdc2 is phosphorylated at Thr14 and Tyr15 during G2-phase by the kinases Wee1 and Myt1, rendering it inactive. The tumor suppressor protein retinoblastoma (Rb) controls progression through the late G1 restriction point (R) and is a major regulator of the G1/S transition (4). During early and mid G1-phase, Rb binds to and represses the transcription factor E2F (5). The phosphorylation of Rb late in G1-phase by CDKs induces Rb to dissociate from E2F, permitting the transcription of S-phase-promoting genes. <i>In vitro</i> , Rb can be phosphorylated at multiple sites by cdc2, cdk2, and cdk4/6 (6-8). DNA damage triggers both the G2/M and the G1/S checkpoints. DNA damage activates the DNA-PK/ATM/ATR kinases, which phosphorylate Chk at Ser345 (9), Chk2 at Thr68 (10) and p53 (11). The Chk kinases inactivate cdc25 via phosphorylation at Ser216, blocking the activation of cdc2. CDC20 binds to and activates the APC/C during mitosis and G1 phase of the cell cycle (12). Moreover, CDC20 is necessary for ubiquitin ligase activity of the APC/C. In metaphase MAD2L1 inactivates the CDC20-APC/C complex, while in anaphase this inhibition is lost and CDC20-APC/C degrades its substrates (13). p53 and p21 suppress expression of CDC20 upon genotoxic stresses and ectopic introduction of p53. siRNA mediated knock-down of CDC20 in cancer cells leads to attenuated cell growth and induces G2/M arrest, suggesting that CDC20 is a possible therapeutic target of cancer (14). Organization of neuronal circuits requires presynaptic axonal differentiation and synapse formation. CDC20-APC regulates presynaptic differentiation in post-mitotic neurons b
Background References	<ol> <li>Nurse, P. (1997) <i>Cell</i> 91, 865-7.</li> <li>Norbury, C. and Nurse, P. (1992) <i>Annu Rev Biochem</i> 61, 441-70.</li> <li>Watanabe, N. et al. (1995) <i>EMBO J</i> 14, 1878-91.</li> <li>Sherr, C.J. (1996) <i>Science</i> 274, 1672-7.</li> <li>Dyson, N. (1998) <i>Genes Dev</i> 12, 2245-62.</li> <li>Kitagawa, M. et al. (1996) <i>EMBO J</i> 15, 7060-9.</li> <li>Lundberg, A.S. and Weinberg, R.A. (1998) <i>Mol Cell Biol</i> 18, 753-61.</li> <li>Harbour, J.W. et al. (1999) <i>Cell</i> 98, 859-69.</li> <li>Zhao, H. and Piwnica-Worms, H. (2001) <i>Mol Cell Biol</i> 21, 4129-39.</li> <li>Matsuoka, S. et al. (2000) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci USA</i> 97, 10389-94.</li> <li>Tibbetts, R.S. et al. (1998) <i>Genes Dev</i> 12, 1871-83.</li> <li>Kidokoro, T. et al. (2008) <i>Oncogene</i> 27, 1562-71.</li> <li>Yang, Y. et al. (2009) <i>Science</i> 326, 575-8.</li> </ol>
Species Reactivity	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).
Western Blot Buffer	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.
Applications Key	WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation
Cross-Reactivity Key	H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected
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