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EphA2 (8B6) Mouse mAb



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Applications:Reactivity:Sensitivity:MW (kDa):Source/Isotype:UniProt ID:Entrez-Gene Id:WB, IF-ICH M REndogenous125Mouse IgG1#P293171969

Product Usage
InformationApplicationDilutionWestern Blotting1:1000Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)1:100 - 1:400

Storage Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than

0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

Specificity / Sensitivity EphA2 (8B6) Mouse mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total EphA2 protein.

Source / Purification Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with recombinant full-length human EphA2

protein.

Background

The Eph receptors are the largest known family of receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs). They can be divided into two groups based on sequence similarity and on their preference for a subset of ligands: EphA receptors bind to a glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored ephrin A ligand; EphB receptors bind to ephrin B proteins that have a transmembrane and cytoplasmic domain (1,2). Research studies have shown that Eph receptors and ligands may be involved in many diseases including cancer (3). Both ephrin A and B ligands have dual functions. As RTK ligands, ephrins stimulate the kinase activity of Eph receptors and activate signaling pathways in receptor-expressing cells. The ephrin extracellular domain is sufficient for this function as long as it is clustered (4). The second function of ephrins has been described as "reverse signaling", whereby the cytoplasmic domain becomes tyrosine phosphorylated, allowing interactions with other proteins that may activate signaling pathways in the ligand-expressing cells (5). Various stimuli can induce tyrosine phosphorylation of ephrin B, including binding to EphB receptors, activation of Src kinase, and stimulation by PDGF and FGF (6). Tyr324 and Tyr327 have been identified as major phosphorylation sites of ephrin B1 *in vivo* (7).

EphA2 is overexpressed in various tumor cells and research studies have suggested that EphA2 may promote malignancy. However, several studies demonstrate that EphA2 plays an important role in tumor suppression (8). The role of EphA2 in tumor development may depend upon regulation of its tyrosine kinase activity.

Background References

- 1. Wilkinson, D.G. (2000) Int Rev Cytol 196, 177-244.
- 2. Klein, R. (2001) Curr Opin Cell Biol 13, 196-203.
- 3. Dodelet, V.C. and Pasquale, E.B. (2000) Oncogene 19, 5614-9.
- 4. Holder, N. and Klein, R. (1999) Development 126, 2033-44.
- 5. Brückner, K. et al. (1997) Science 275, 1640-3.
- 6. Palmer, A. et al. (2002) Mol Cell 9, 725-37.
- 7. Kalo, M.S. et al. (2001) J Biol Chem 276, 38940-8.
- 8. Guo, H. et al. (2006) Cancer Res 66, 7050-8.

Species Reactivity Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS,

0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key WB: Western Blotting IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)

Cross-Reactivity Key H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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