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Btk (D3H5) Rabbit mAb (Biotinylated)



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Applications: WB	Reactivity: H M	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 77	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #Q06187	Entrez-Gene Id: 695	
Product Usage Information	Application			Dilution			
	We	estern Blotting			1:1000		
Storage	•	Supplied in 136 mM NaCl, 2.6 mM KCl, 12 mM sodium phosphate (pH 7.4) dibasic, 2 mg/ml BSA, and 50% glycerol. Store at -20 °C. Do not aliquot the antibodies.					
Specificity / Sensitiv	vity Btk	Btk (D3H5) Rabbit mAb (Biotinylated) recognizes endogenous levels of total Btk protein.					
Species predicted to react based on 1009 sequence homology	%	Rat, Hamster, Bovine, Dog, Pig, Horse					
Source / Purification	•	Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Asp195 of human Btk protein.					
Product Description	anti	This Cell Signaling Technology antibody is conjugated to biotin under optimal conditions. The biotinylated antibody is expected to exhibit the same species cross-reactivity as the unconjugated Btk (D3H5) Rabbit mAb #8547.					
MW (kDa)					77		

Background

Bruton's tyrosine kinase (Btk) is a member of the Btk/Tec family of cytoplasmic tyrosine kinases. Like other Btk family members, it contains a pleckstrin homology (PH) domain and Src homology SH3 and SH2 domains. Btk plays an important role in B cell development (1,2). Activation of B cells by various ligands is accompanied by Btk membrane translocation mediated by its PH domain binding to phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-trisphosphate (3-5). The membrane-localized Btk is active and associated with transient phosphorylation of two tyrosine residues, Tyr551 and Tyr223. Tyr551 in the activation loop is transphosphorylated by the Src family tyrosine kinases, leading to autophosphorylation at Tyr223 within the SH3 domain, which is necessary for full activation (6,7). The activation of Btk is negatively regulated by PKC β through phosphorylation of Btk at Ser180, which results in reduced membrane recruitment, transphosphorylation, and subsequent activation (8). The PKC inhibitory signal is likely to be a key determinant of the B cell receptor signaling threshold to maintain optimal Btk activity (8).

Background References

- 1. Khan, W.N. (2001) Immunol Res 23, 147-56.
- 2. Lewis, C.M. et al. (2001) Curr Opin Immunol 13, 317-25.
- 3. Salim, K. et al. (1996) *EMBO J* 15, 6241-50.
- 4. Rameh, L.E. et al. (1997) J Biol Chem 272, 22059-66.
- 5. Várnai, P. et al. (1999) *J Biol Chem* 274, 10983-9.
- 6. Rawlings, D.J. et al. (1996) Science 271, 822-5.
- 7. Park, H. et al. (1996) Immunity 4, 515-25.
- 8. Kang, S.W. et al. (2001) EMBO J 20, 5692-702.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

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Btk (D3H5) Rabbit mAb (Biotinylated) (#12624) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology

Applications Key

Cross-Reactivity Key

WB: Western Blotting

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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