RNF20 (D6E10) XP® Rabbit mAb



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Applications: WB, IP, ChIP, C&R	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 120	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #Q5VTR2	Entrez-Gene Id 56254
Product Usage Information	For optimal ChIP results, use 10 μ I of antibody and 10 μ g of chromatin (approximately 4 x 10 ⁶ cells) per IP. This antibody has been validated using SimpleChIP [®] Enzymatic Chromatin IP Kits.					
			was determined	using CUT&RUN Assay		
	Ар	plication			Dilution	
	Western Blotting				1:1000	
	Immunoprecipitation				1:200	
	Chi	romatin IP			1:50	
	CUT&RUN			1:50		

Specificity / Sensitivity

RNF20 (D6E10) XP® Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total RNF20 protein. This antibody recognizes a second band at 80 kDa in mouse lysates, corresponding to mouse RNF20 isoform 2. This antibody does not cross-react with RNF40 protein.

Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology: Hamster, Dog, Pig, Horse, Guinea Pig

Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Gly516 of human RNF20 protein.

Background

In mammalian cells, the significance of histone H2B ubiquitination in chromatin epigenetics came from the identification of the budding yeast protein Bre1 (1,2). Together with the ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme Rad6, Bre1 serves as the E3 ligase in the monoubiquitination of the yeast histone H2B within transcribed regions of chromatin (1-3). Subsequently, the mammalian orthologs of yeast Bre1, RNF20 and RNF40, were identified (4,5). These two proteins form a tight heterodimer that acts as the major E3 ligase responsible for histone H2B monoubiquitination at Lys120 in mammalian cells, a modification linked to RNA Pol IIdependent transcription elongation in undamaged cells. Researchers have shown that DNA double-strand breaks (DSBs) are also capable of inducing monoubiquitination of H2B. This process depends upon the recruitment to DSB sites, as well as ATM-dependent phosphorylation of the RNF20-RNF40 heterodimer, thus highlighting a role for this E3 ligase in DSB repair pathways (6). Indeed, investigators have shown that loss of RNF20-RNF40 function promotes replication stress and chromosomal instability, which may constitute an early step in malignant transformation that precedes cell invasion (7).

Background References

- 1. Wood, A. et al. (2003) Mol Cell 11, 267-74.
- 2. Hwang, W.W. et al. (2003) Mol Cell 11, 261-6.
- 3. Kao, C.F. et al. (2004) Genes Dev 18, 184-95.
- 4. Kim, J. et al. (2005) Mol Cell 20, 759-70.
- 5. Zhu, B. et al. (2005) Mol Cell 20, 601-11.
- 6. Moyal, L. et al. (2011) Mol Cell 41, 529-42.
- 7. Chernikova, S.B. et al. (2012) Cancer Res, Epub ahead of print.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

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Western Blot Buffer

RNF20 (D6E10) XP® Rabbit mAb (#11974) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation ChIP: Chromatin IP C&R: CUT&RUN

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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