3/9/24, 11:31 AM Revision 8

Phospho-SMAD1/5 (Ser463/465) (41D10) Rabbit mAb			Orders:	Signaling H N O L O G Y* 877-616-CELL (2355)	
				Support:	orders@cellsignal.com 877-678-TECH (8324)
#9516				Web:	info@cellsignal.com cellsignal.com
5#			3 Trask	Lane Danvers Massa	achusetts 01923 USA
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.					
Applications: Reactive WB, W-S, IF-IC, FC-FP H M		MW (kDa): 60	Source/Isotype: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #Q99717, #Q15797	Entrez-Gene Id: 4090, 4086
Product Usage	Application			Dilutio	on
Information	Western Blotting			1:100	D
	Simple Western™			1:10 -	1:50
	Immunofluorescence (I	mmunocytochem	nistry)	1:800	
	Flow Cytometry (Fixed	(Permeabilized)		1:400	- 1:1600
Storage	Supplied in 10 mM sodiu 0.02% sodium azide. St		,		rol and less than
	For a carrier free (BSA a	and azide free) ve	ersion of this product s	ee product #52937.	
Specificity / Sensitivity	ecificity / Sensitivity Phospho-SMAD/5 (Ser463/465) (41D10) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of SMAD1 and SM only when dually phosphorylated at Ser463 and Ser465 and is also predicted to detect SMAD9 (SM when phosphorylated at Ser465 and Ser467. The antibody does not cross-react with other SMAD-r proteins.			SMAD9 (SMAD8)	
Source / Purification	Monoclonal antibody is residues surrounding Se		-	a synthetic phosphopepti	de corresponding to
Background	Bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs) constitute a large family of signaling molecules that regulate a wide range of critical processes including morphogenesis, cell-fate determination, proliferation, differentiation, and apoptosis (1,2). BMP receptors are members of the TGF- β superfamily of Ser/Thr kinase receptors. Ligand binding induces multimerization, autophosphorylation, and activation of these receptors (3-5). They subsequently phosphorylate SMAD1 at Ser463 and Ser465 in the carboxy-terminal motif SSXS, as well as SMAD5 and SMAD9 (SMAD8) at their corresponding sites. These phosphorylated SMADs dimerize with the coactivating SMAD4 and translocate to the nucleus, where they regulate the transcription of target genes (5). MAP kinases and CDKs 8 and 9 are also reported to phosphorylate residues in the linker region of SMAD1, including Ser206. Phosphorylation of SMAD1 at Ser206 recruits Smurf1 to the linker region and leads to the degradation of SMAD1 (6). Phosphorylation at this site also promotes SMAD1 transcriptional activity by recruiting YAP to the linker region (7).				
Background References	 Hogan, B.L. (1996) <i>Genes Dev</i> 10, 1580-94. Hoodless, P.A. et al. (1996) <i>Cell</i> 85, 489-500. Klemm, J.D. et al. (1998) <i>Annu Rev Immunol</i> 16, 569-92. Kretzschmar, M. et al. (1997) <i>Genes Dev</i> 11, 984-95. Whitman, M. (1998) <i>Genes Dev</i> 12, 2445-62. Sapkota, G. et al. (2007) <i>Mol Cell</i> 25, 441-54. Alarcón, C. et al. (2009) <i>Cell</i> 139, 757-69. 				
Species Reactivity	Species reactivity is dete	rmined by testing	in at least one appro	ved application (e.g., we	stern blot).
Western Blot Buffer	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.				
Applications Key	WB: Western Blotting W-S: Simple Western™ IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)				
Cross-Reactivity Key					

3/9/24, 11:31 AM	 Phospho-SMAD1/5 (Ser463/465) (41D10) Rabbit mAb (#9516) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Te H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected
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