2/8/24, 11:31 AM Revision 1

| Phospho-PKC (pan) (βII Ser660)       Antibody |                         |   |                                    |                   | Orders:<br>Support:<br>Web:  | ECHNOLOGY*<br>877-616-CELL (2355)<br>orders@cellsignal.com<br>877-678-TECH (8324)<br>info@cellsignal.com<br>cellsignal.com |  |
|---|-------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| For Research Use Only                         | / Not for Use i         | n Diagnostic Broc   | oduros                             | 3 Tra             | sk Lane   Danvers  | Massachusetts 01923 USA  |  |
| Applications:<br>WB                           | Reactivity:<br>H M R Mk | Sensitivity:<br>Endogenous  | <b>MW (kDa):</b><br>78, 80, 82, 85 | Source:<br>Rabbit | UniProt ID:<br>#P05771, #P177<br>#P24723, #Q05<br>#P05771-2, #Q04<br>#Q02156 | 252, 5579, 5578, 5583,<br>655, 5580, 5588, 5581  |  |
| Product Usage                                 | ^                       | nnlication  |                                    |                   | Dilution   |  |  |
| Information                                   |                         | Application<br>Western Blotting   |                                    |                   | 1:1000   |  |  |
| Storage                                       |                         | Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.   |                                    |                   |  |  |  |
| Specificity / Sensitivity                     |                         | Phospho-PKC (pan) ( $\beta$ II Ser660) Antibody detects endogenous levels of PKC $\alpha$ , $\beta$ I, $\beta$ II, $\delta$ , $\epsilon$ , $\eta$ and $\theta$ isoforms only when phosphorylated at a carboxy-terminal residue homologous to serine 660 of PKC $\beta$ II. This antibody does not detect PKC phosphorylated at other sites.   |                                    |                   |  |  |  |
| Source / Purification                         |                         | Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser660 of human PKC $\beta$ II. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.  |                                    |                   |  |  |  |
| Background                                    |                         | Activation of protein kinase C (PKC) is one of the earliest events in a cascade that controls a variety of cellular responses, including secretion, gene expression, proliferation, and muscle contraction (1,2). PKC isoforms belong to three groups based on calcium dependency and activators. Classical PKCs are calcium-dependent via their C2 domains and are activated by phosphatidylserine (PS), diacylglycerol (DAG), and phorbol esters (TPA, PMA) through their cysteine-rich C1 domains. Both novel and atypical PKCs are calcium-independent, but only novel PKCs are activated by PS, DAG, and phorbol esters (3-5). Members of these three PKC groups contain a pseudo-substrate or autoinhibitory domain that binds to substrate-binding sites in the catalytic domain to prevent activation in the absence of cofactors or activators. Control of PKC activity is regulated through three distinct phosphorylation events. Phosphorylation occurs <i>in vivo</i> at Thr500 in the activation loop, at Thr641 through autophosphorylation, and at the carboxy-terminal hydrophobic site Ser660 (2). Atypical PKC isoforms lack hydrophobic region phosphorylation, which correlates with the presence of glutamic acid rather than the serine or threonine residues found in more typical PKC superfamily is PKCµ (PKD), which is regulated by DAG and TPA through its C1 domain. PKD is distinguished by the presence of a PH domain and by its unique substrate recognition and Golgi localization (6). PKC-related kinases (PRK) lack the C1 domain and do not respond to DAG or phorbol esters. Phosphatidylinositol lipids activate PRKs, and small Rho-family GTPases bind to the homology region 1 (HR1) to regulate PRK kinase activity (7). |                                    |                   |  |  |  |
| Background References                         |                         | <ol> <li>Nishizuka, Y. (1984) <i>Nature</i> 308, 693-8.</li> <li>Keranen, L.M. et al. (1995) <i>Curr Biol</i> 5, 1394-403.</li> <li>Mellor, H. and Parker, P.J. (1998) <i>Biochem J</i> 332 ( Pt 2), 281-92.</li> <li>Ron, D. and Kazanietz, M.G. (1999) <i>FASEB J</i> 13, 1658-76.</li> <li>Moscat, J. and Diaz-Meco, M.T. (2000) <i>EMBO Rep</i> 1, 399-403.</li> <li>Baron, C.L. and Malhotra, V. (2002) <i>Science</i> 295, 325-8.</li> <li>Flynn, P. et al. (2000) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 275, 11064-70.</li> </ol>   |                                    |                   |  |  |  |
| Species Reactivity                            |                         | Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).  |                                    |                   |  |  |  |
| Western Blot Buffer                           |                         | IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.  |                                    |                   |  |  |  |
| Applications Key                              |                         | WB: Western Blotting  |                                    |                   |  |  |  |

| 2/8/24, 11:31 AM P        | hospho-PKC (pan) (βII Ser660) Antibody (#9371) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Cross-Reactivity Key      | <ul> <li>H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster</li> <li>X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse</li> <li>GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected</li> </ul>   |
| Trademarks and<br>Patents | Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.<br>All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Visit cellsignal.com/trademarks for more<br>information.  |
| Limited Uses              | Except as otherwise expressly agreed in a writing signed by a legally authorized representative of CST, the following terms apply to Products provided by CST, its affiliates or its distributors. Any Customer's terms and conditions that are in addition to, or different from, those contained herein, unless separately accepted in writing by a legally authorized representative of CST, are rejected and are of no force or effect.  |
|                           | Products are labeled with For Research Use Only or a similar labeling statement and have not been approved, cleared, or licensed by the FDA or other regulatory foreign or domestic entity, for any purpose. Customer shall not use any Product for any diagnostic or therapeutic purpose, or otherwise in any manner that conflicts with its labeling statement. Products sold or licensed by CST are provided for Customer as the end-user and solely for research and development uses. Any use of Product for diagnostic, prophylactic or therapeutic purposes, or any purchase of Product for resale (alone or as a component) or other commercial purpose, requires a separate license from CST. Customer shall (a) not sell, license, loan, donate or otherwise transfer or make available any Product to any third party, whether alone or in combination with other materials, or use the Products to manufacture any commercial products, (b) not copy, modify, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or otherwise attempt to discover the underlying structure or technology of the Products, or use the Products for the purpose of developing any products solely in accordance with CST Product Terms of Sale and any applicable documentation, and (e) comply with any license, terms of service or similar agreement with respect to any third party products or services used by Customer in connection with the Products. |