ULK1 (D8H5) Rabbit mAb



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Applications: WB, W-S, IP	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 150	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #O75385	Entrez-Gene lo 8408	
Product Usage Information	Application			Dilution			
	Western Blotting			1:1000			
	Simple Western™			1:50 - 1:250			
	Imr	munoprecipitation		1:100			
Storage	•	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20° C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity / Sensitivity		ULK1 (D8H5) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total ULK1 protein.					
Source / Purificatio		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Arg600 of human ULK1 protein.					
Background	Two	Two related serine/threonine kinases, UNC-51-like kinase 1 and 2 (ULK1, ULK2), were discovered as					

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mammalian homologs of the C. elegans gene unc-51 in which mutants exhibited abnormal axonal extension and growth (1-4). Both proteins are widely expressed and contain an amino-terminal kinase domain followed by a central proline/serine rich domain and a highly conserved carboxy-terminal domain. The roles of ULK1 and ULK2 in axon growth have been linked to studies showing that the kinases are localized to neuronal growth cones and are involved in endocytosis of critical growth factors, such as NGF (5). Yeast two-hybrid studies found ULK1/2 associated with modulators of the endocytic pathway, SynGAP, and syntenin (6). Structural similarity of ULK1/2 has also been recognized with the yeast autophagy protein Atg1/Apg1 (7). Knockdown experiments using siRNA demonstrated that ULK1 is essential for autophagy (8), a catabolic process for the degradation of bulk cytoplasmic contents (9,10). It appears that Atg1/ULK1 can act as a convergence point for multiple signals that control autophagy (11), and can bind to several autophagy-related (Atg) proteins, regulating phosphorylation states and protein trafficking (12-16).~AMPK, activated during low nutrient conditions, directly phosphorylates ULK1 at multiple sites including Ser317, Ser555, and Ser777 (17,18). Conversely, mTOR, which is a regulator of cell growth and an inhibitor of autophagy, phosphorylates ULK1 at Ser757 and disrupts the interaction between ULK1 and AMPK (17).

Background References

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Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

3/23/24. 11:25 AM

Western Blot Buffer

ULK1 (D8H5) Rabbit mAb (#8054) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting W-S: Simple Western™ IP: Immunoprecipitation

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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