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## Phospho-PKA C (Thr197) (D45D3) Rabbit mAb



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or Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.							
Applications: WB	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 42	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P17612	Entrez-Gene Id: 5566	
Product Usage Information	Ар	plication		Dilution			
	We	stern Blotting		1:1000			
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu$ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity / Sensitivity		Phospho-PKA C (Thr197) (D45D3) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of PKA C (- $\alpha$ , - $\beta$ , and - $\gamma$ ) only when phosphorylated at Thr197.					
Source / Purificati	•	Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Thr197 of human PKA C protein.					
Background	man prote and bloc regu fami subu subs	The second messenger cyclic AMP (cAMP) activates cAMP-dependent protein kinase (PKA or cAPK) in mammalian cells and controls many cellular mechanisms such as gene transcription, ion transport, and protein phosphorylation (1). Inactive PKA is a heterotetramer composed of a regulatory subunit (R) dimer and a catalytic subunit (C) dimer. In this inactive state, the pseudosubstrate sequences on the R subunits block the active sites on the C subunits. Three C subunit isoforms (C- $\alpha$ , C- $\beta$ , and C- $\gamma$ ) and two families of regulatory subunits (RI and RII) with distinct cAMP binding properties have been identified. The two R families exist in two isoforms, $\alpha$ and $\beta$ (RI- $\alpha$ , RI- $\beta$ , RII- $\alpha$ , and RII- $\beta$ ). Upon binding of cAMP to the R subunits, the autoinhibitory contact is eased and active monomeric C subunits are released. PKA shares substrate specificity with Akt (PKB) and PKC, which are characterized by an arginine at position -3 relative to the phosphorylated serine or threonine residue (2). Substrates that present this consensus sequence					

**Background References** 

- 1. Montminy, M. (1997) Annu. Rev. Biochem. 66, 807-822.
- 2. Dell'Acqua, M.L. and Scott, J.D. (1997) J. Biol. Chem. 272, 12881-12884.
- 3. Tan, Y. et al. (2000) J. Biol. Chem. 275, 25865-25869.
- 4. Gonzalez, G.A. and Montminy, M.R. (1989) Cell 59, 675-680.
- 5. Fang, X. et al. (2000) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 97, 11960-11965.
- 6. Dumaz, N. and Marais, R. (2003) J. Biol. Chem. 278, 29819 -29823.
- 7. Moore, M.J. et al. (2002) J. Biol. Chem. 277, 47878-47884.

**Species Reactivity** Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS,

0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key** WB: Western Blotting

**Cross-Reactivity Key** H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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and have been shown to be phosphorylated by PKA are Bad (Ser155), CREB (Ser133), and GSK-3 (GSK-3α Ser21 and GSK-3β Ser9) (3-5). In addition, combined knock-down of PKA C-α and -β blocks cAMPmediated phosphorylation of Raf (Ser43 and Ser259) (6). Autophosphorylation and phosphorylation by PDK-1 are two known mechanisms responsible for phosphorylation of the C subunit at Thr197 (7).

information.

**Limited Uses** 

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