# #5361 Store at -20C

# JARID1C (D29B9) Rabbit mAb



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#### For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: WB, IP	Reactivity: H M	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 180	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P41229	Entrez-Gene Id: 8242	
Product Usage Information	Ар	plication		Dilution			
	We	stern Blotting		1:1000			
	Imr	nunoprecipitation		1:50			
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu$ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at $-20^{\circ}$ C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity / Sensitivity  JARID1C (D29B9) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of total JARID1C protein. The arcross-react with other JARID proteins, including JARID1A, JARID1B and JARID1D.					he antibody does not		
Species predicted t react based on 100 sequence homolog	%	Monkey, Pig, Horse					

# Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Leu830 of human JARID1C protein.

#### **Background**

The methylation state of lysine residues in histone proteins is a major determinant for formation of active and inactive regions of the genome and is crucial for proper programming of the genome during development (1,2). Jumonji C (JmjC) domain-containing proteins represent the largest class of potential histone demethylase proteins (3). The JmjC domain can catalyze the demethylation of mono-, di-, and trimethyl lysine residues via an oxidative reaction that requires iron and  $\alpha$ -ketoglutarate (3). Based on homology, both humans and mice contain at least 30 such proteins, which can be divided into 7 separate families (3). The JARID (Jumonji/AT-rich interactive domain-containing protein) family contains four members: JARID1A (also RBP2 and RBBP2), JARID1B (also PLU-1), JARID1C (also SMCX), and JARID1D (also SMCY) (4). In addition to the JmJC domain, these proteins contain JmJN, BRIGHT, C5HC2 zinc-finger, and PHD domains, the latter of which binds to methylated histone H3 (Lys9) (4). All four JARID proteins demethylate di- and tri-methyl histone H3 Lys4; JARID1B also demethylates mono-methyl histone H3 Lys4 (5-7). JARID1A is a critical RB-interacting protein and is required for Polycomb-Repressive Complex 2 (PRC2)-mediated transcriptional repression during ES cell differentiation (8). A JARID1A-NUP98 gene fusion is associated with myeloid leukemia (9). JARID1B, which interacts with many proteins including c-Myc and HDAC4, may play a role in cell fate decisions by blocking terminal differentiation (10-12). JARID1B is overexpressed in many breast cancers and may act by repressing multiple tumor suppressor genes, including BRCA1 and HOXA5 (13,14). JARID1C has been found in a complex with HDAC1, HDAC2, G9a, and REST, which binds to and represses REST target genes in non-neuronal cells (7). JARID1C mutations are associated with X-linked mental retardation and epilepsy (15,16). JARID1D is uniquely localized to the Y chromosome, and functions as a tumor suppressor by repressing genes associated with cell invasiveness (17). JARID1D is frequently mutated in metastatic prostate tumors, and low JARID1D levels are associated with poor prognosis in prostate cancer patients (17).

#### **Background References**

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#### **Species Reactivity**

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

#### Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

## **Applications Key**

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation

information.

#### **Cross-Reactivity Key**

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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