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# Di/Tri-Methyl-Histone H3 (Lys9) (6F12) Mouse mAb



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• •	eactivity: I M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 17	Source/Isotype: Mouse IgG1	UniProt ID: #P68431	Entrez-Gene Id: 8350	
Product Usage Information		For optimal ChIP results, use 5 $\mu$ l of antibody and 10 $\mu$ g of chromatin (approximately 4 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cells) per IP. This antibody has been validated using SimpleChIP <sup>®</sup> Enzymatic Chromatin IP Kits.					
	Ap	Application				Dilution	
	We	Western Blotting				1:2000	
	Imi	Immunoprecipitation				1:100	
	Im	Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)				1:100	
	Ch	Chromatin IP				1:100	
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu$ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at $-20^{\circ}$ C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity / Sensitivit	tri-n met	Di/Tri-Methyl-Histone H3 (Lys9) (6F12) Mouse mAb detects endogenous levels of histone H3 when di- or tri-methylated on Lys9. The antibody also shows slight cross-reactivity with histone H3 when monomethylated on Lys9. The antibody does not cross-react with methylated histone H3 Lys4, Lys27, Lys36 or Lys79.					
Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology:	D. n	D. melanogaster, Zebrafish, S. cerevisiae					
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the amino terminus of histone H3 in which Lys9 is tri-methylated.					

# **Background**

The nucleosome, made up of four core histone proteins (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin. Originally thought to function as a static scaffold for DNA packaging, histones have now been shown to be dynamic proteins, undergoing multiple types of post-translational modifications, including acetylation, phosphorylation, methylation, and ubiquitination (1). Histone methylation is a major determinant for the formation of active and inactive regions of the genome and is crucial for the proper programming of the genome during development (2,3). Arginine methylation of histones H3 (Arg2, 17, 26) and H4 (Arg3) promotes transcriptional activation and is mediated by a family of protein arginine methyltransferases (PRMTs), including the co-activators PRMT1 and CARM1 (PRMT4) (4). In contrast, a more diverse set of histone lysine methyltransferases has been identified, all but one of which contain a conserved catalytic SET domain originally identified in the Drosophila Su(var)3-9, Enhancer of zeste, and Trithorax proteins. Lysine methylation occurs primarily on histones H3 (Lys4, 9, 27, 36, 79) and H4 (Lys20) and has been implicated in both transcriptional activation and silencing (4). Methylation of these lysine residues coordinates the recruitment of chromatin modifying enzymes containing methyl-lysine binding modules such as chromodomains (HP1, PRC1), PHD fingers (BPTF, ING2), tudor domains (53BP1), and WD-40 domains (WDR5) (5-8). The discovery of histone demethylases, such as PADI4, LSD1, JMJD1, JMJD2, and JHDM1, has shown that methylation is a reversible epigenetic marker (9).

#### **Background References**

- 1. Peterson, C.L. and Laniel, M.A. (2004) Curr Biol 14, R546-51.
- $\hbox{2. Kubicek, S. et al. (2006) $\it Ernst Schering Res Found Workshop, 1-27.}\\$
- 3. Lin, W. and Dent, S.Y. (2006) Curr Opin Genet Dev 16, 137-42.
- 4. Lee, D.Y. et al. (2005) *Endocr Rev* 26, 147-70.
- 5. Daniel, J.A. et al. (2005) Cell Cycle 4, 919-26.
- 6. Shi, X. et al. (2006) Nature 442, 96-9.
- 7. Wysocka, J. et al. (2006) Nature 442, 86-90.
- 8. Wysocka, J. et al. (2005) Cell 121, 859-72.
- 9. Trojer, P. and Reinberg, D. (2006) Cell 125, 213-7.

# **Species Reactivity**

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

#### **Western Blot Buffer**

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

# **Applications Key**

 $\textbf{WB:} \ Western \ Blotting \ \textbf{IP:} \ Immunoprecipitation \ \textbf{IF-IC:} \ Immunofluorescence \ (Immunocytochemistry)$ 

ChIP: Chromatin IP

# **Cross-Reactivity Key**

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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