# Keratin 8/18 (C51) Mouse mAb



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### For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications:Reactivity:Sensitivity:MW (kDa):Source/Isotype:UniProt ID:Entrez-Gene IdWB, IHC-P, IF-IC, FC-H MkEndogenous46 Keratin 18.Mouse IgG1#P05787, #P057833856, 3875FP55 Keratin 8.	<b>Applications:</b> VB, IHC-P, IF-IC, FC- FP		ous 46 Keratin 18.	Source/Isotype: Mouse IgG1	<b>UniProt ID:</b> #P05787, #P05783	Entrez-Gene Id 3856, 3875
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Product Usage	Application	Dilution
Information	Western Blotting	1:1000
	Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)	1:50
	Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)	1:200
	Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)	1:100

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than Storage 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #51274.

Keratin 8/18 (C51) Mouse mAb detects endogenous levels of total keratins 8 and 18. The antibody does Specificity / Sensitivity not cross-react with other keratins.

Monoclonal antibody (isotype: IgG1) is produced by immunizing a BALB/c mouse with a cytoskeleton Source / Purification

preparation from HeLa cells.

**Background** 

Keratins (cytokeratins) are intermediate filament proteins that are mainly expressed in epithelial cells. Keratin heterodimers composed of an acidic keratin (or type I keratin, keratins K9-K28) and a basic keratin (or type II keratin, keratins K1-K8 and K71-K80) assemble to form filaments. Keratin isoforms demonstrate tissue- and differentiation-specific profiles that make them useful as research and clinical biomarkers (1,2). Dysregulation/mutations in keratin genes can lead to a variety of disorders affecting the skin, hair, nails, and other epithelial tissues (3). While expression of keratins can be variable, immunohistochemical staining of keratins is widely used to help in the identification and classification of epithelial tumors, and may also provide prognostic information. Keratins 8 and 18 (K8/K18) are expressed in simple epithelia of normal tissue, as well as in adenocarcinomas of the breast, lung, ovary, and gastrointestinal tract. Keratin 17 is expressed in basal keratinocytes of stratified epithelia, hair follicles, and sebaceous glands (4). Keratin 14 (K14) is expressed in basal cells of stratified epithelia, and in basal-like subtypes of breast cancer and squamous cell carcinomas. Keratin 19 (K19) is expressed in glandular epithelia, including the liver, gallbladder, and pancreas, as well as in adenocarcinomas of the breast, thyroid and bile duct. Keratin 20 (K20) is expressed in gastrointestinal epithelium, urothelium, and Merkel cells in the skin, as well as in colorectal carcinomas and some urothelial carcinomas. Keratin 5/6 (K5/6) is expressed in basal cells of stratified epithelia, including the skin, prostate, and breast, as well as in basal-like breast cancers, squamous cell carcinomas, and some lung carcinomas. Keratin 7 (K7) is expressed in glandular epithelia, such as those in the lung, breast, and female reproductive tract, as well as in adenocarcinomas of the lung, breast, and ovary (5,6). Keratins, particularly K8, K18, and K19, serve as biomarkers for identification of circulating tumor cells (CTCs) (5). Post-translational modifications, including phosphorylation, acetylation, ubiquitylation, sumoylation, glycosylation, and transamidation, have been shown to affect the functions of keratins in normal and disease states (6). Understanding the molecular mechanisms underlying these PTMs may provide insights into cancer pathogenesis.

# **Background References**

- 1. Chang, L. and Goldman, R.D. (2004) Nat Rev Mol Cell Biol 5, 601-13.
- 2. Schweizer, J. et al. (2006) J Cell Biol 174, 169-74.
- 3. Sarma, A. (2022) Int J Biol Macromol 219, 395-413.
- 4. McGowan, K.M. and Coulombe, P.A. (1998) J Cell Biol 143, 469-86.
- 5. Werner, S. et al. (2020) Mol Aspects Med 72, 100817.
- 6. Dmello, C. et al. (2019) J Biosci 44, .

# **Species Reactivity**

2/22/24. 11:31 AM

Keratin 8/18 (C51) Mouse mAb (#4546) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key** 

WB: Western Blotting IHC-P: Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)

IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)

**Cross-Reactivity Key** 

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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