4073 Store at -20C

## Pan-Cadherin (28E12) Rabbit mAb



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 Applications:
 Reactivity:
 Sensitivity:
 MW (kDa):
 Source/Isotype:
 UniProt ID:
 Entrez-Gene Id:

 WB
 H M R
 Endogenous
 130-150
 Rabbit IgG
 #P19022, #P22223, #P22223, #P12830, #P55283
 1000, 1001, 999, 1002

Product Usage Application Dilution Information Western Blotting 1:1000

Storage Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than

0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

Specificity / Sensitivity Pan-Cadherin (28E12) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of total cadherin proteins and has a

preference for N-, R-, and E-Cadherin. It does not prefer P- or VE- Cadherin.

**Source / Purification** Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to a

conserved region of human N-, R-, and, E-Cadherin.

Background

Cadherins are a superfamily of transmembrane glycoproteins that contain cadherin repeats of approximately 100 residues in their extracellular domain. Cadherins mediate calcium-dependent cell-cell adherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins mediate calcium-dependent cell-cell adherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherin repeats of approximately 100 residues in their extracellular domain. Cadherins mediate calcium-dependent cell-cell adherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherin repeats of approximately 100 residues in their extracellular domain. Cadherins mediate calcium-dependent cell-cell adherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherin repeats of approximately 100 residues in their extracellular domain. Cadherins mediate calcium-dependent cell-cell adherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and play critical releasing part of the contain cadherins and contain cadherins and c

approximately 100 residues in their extracellular domain. Cadherins mediate calcium-dependent cell-cell adhesion and play critical roles in normal tissue development (1). The classic cadherin subfamily includes N-, P-, R-, B-, and E-cadherins, as well as about ten other members that are found in adherens junctions, a cellular structure near the apical surface of polarized epithelial cells. The cytoplasmic domain of classical cadherins interacts with  $\beta$ -catenin,  $\gamma$ -catenin (also called plakoglobin), and p120 catenin.  $\beta$ -catenin and  $\gamma$ -catenin associate with  $\alpha$ -catenin, which links the cadherin-catenin complex to the actin cytoskeleton (1,2). While  $\beta$ - and  $\gamma$ -catenin play structural roles in the junctional complex, p120 regulates cadherin adhesive activity and trafficking (1-4). Investigators consider E-cadherin an active suppressor of invasion and growth of many epithelial cancers (1-3). Research studies indicate that cancer cells have upregulated N-cadherin in addition to loss of E-cadherin. This change in cadherin expression is called the "cadherin switch." N-cadherin cooperates with the FGF receptor, leading to overexpression of MMP-9 and cellular invasion (3). Research studies have shown that in endothelial cells, VE-cadherin signaling, expression, and localization correlate with vascular permeability and tumor angiogenesis (5,6). Investigators have also demonstrated that expression of P-cadherin, which is normally present in epithelial cells, is also altered in ovarian and

other human cancers (7,8).

Background References 1. Wheelock, M.J. and Johnson, K.R. (2003) Annu Rev Cell Dev Biol 19, 207-35.

2. Christofori, G. (2003)  $\it EMBO\ J\ 22$ , 2318-23.

3. Hazan, R.B. et al. (2004) *Ann N Y Acad Sci* 1014, 155-63.

4. Bryant, D.M. and Stow, J.L. (2004) Trends Cell Biol 14, 427-34.

5. Rabascio, C. et al. (2004) Cancer Res 64, 4373-7.

6. Yamaoka-Tojo, M. et al. (2006) Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol 26, 1991-7.

7. Patel, I.S. et al. (2003) Int J Cancer 106, 172-7.

8. Sanders, D.S. et al. (2000) J Pathol 190, 526-30.

**Species Reactivity** Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS,

0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key WB: Western Blotting

Cross-Reactivity Key H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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**Limited Uses** 

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