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Phospho-SMAD2 (Ser465/467) (138D4) Rabbit mAb



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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: WB, W-S	Reactivity: H M R Mi	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 60	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #Q15796	Entrez-Gene Id: 4087	
Product Usage Information	Ар	Application		Dilution			
	Western Blotting			1:1000			
	Simple Western™			1:50 - 1:250			
Storage	•	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20° C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity / Sensi	Phospho-SMAD2 (Ser465/467) (138D4) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of SMAD2 only when dually phosphorylated at serines 465 and 467, and may detect SMAD3 phosphorylated at the equivalent sites. This antibody does not cross-react with other SMAD-related proteins.						
Source / Purificati	Durce / Purification Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding residues surrounding Ser465/467 of human SMAD2.						

Members of the SMAD family of signal transduction molecules are components of a critical intracellular pathway that transmit TGF- β signals from the cell surface into the nucleus. Three distinct classes of SMADs have been defined: the receptor-regulated SMADs (R-SMADs), which include SMAD1, 2, 3, 5, and 9; the common-mediator SMAD (co-SMAD), SMAD4; and the antagonistic or inhibitory SMADs (I-SMADs), SMAD6 and 7 (1-5). Activated type I receptors associate with specific R-SMADs and phosphorylate them on a conserved carboxy-terminal SSXS motif. The phosphorylated R-SMADs dissociate from the receptor and form a heteromeric complex with SMAD4, initiating translocation of the heteromeric SMAD complex to the nucleus. Once in the nucleus, SMADs recruit a variety of DNA binding proteins that function to regulate transcriptional activity (6-8).

Following stimulation by TGF- β , Smad2 and Smad3 become phosphorylated at their carboxy-termini (Ser465/467 on Smad2; Ser423/425 on Smad3) by the receptor kinase TGF- β R1 (9-11). Following phosphorylation, Smad2 and Smad3 form a heteromeric complex with the co-Smad family member Smad4. These complexes are translocated to the nucleus where they bind DNA and regulate gene transcription.

Background References

Background

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- 3. Derynck, R. et al. (1998) Cell 95, 737-40.
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- 8. Moustakas, A. et al. (2001) J Cell Sci 114, 4359-69.
- 9. Abdollah, S. et al. (1997) J Biol Chem 272, 27678-85.
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- 11. Liu, X. et al. (1997) Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 94, 10669-74.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting **W-S:** Simple Western™

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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