Revision 3	5 1 01111 9 10 011					log
ର୍ଚ୍ଚ ୨୦-Formylo ଅନ୍ନ Rabbit m/	cytosine (8 Ab	5-fC) (D5D	4K)			_
Store				Orde	ers: 877-616-CELL (235 orders@cellsignal.co	
78				Sup	port: 877-678-TECH (832-	4)
#74178 Store at -20C Rabbit m/				Web	o: info@cellsignal.co cellsignal.co	
For Research Use Only	. Not for Use in	Diagnostic Pro	cedures.	3 Trask Lane Da	nvers Massachusetts 01923 US	A
Applications: IF-IC, DB	Reactivity: All	Sensitivity: Transfected Only	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG			
Product Usage Information	Арј	plication			Dilution	
information	Imn	nunofluorescence	(Immunocytochemistry)		1:200	
	DN	A Dot Blot			1:1000	
Storage			lium HEPES (pH 7.5), 15 Store at –20°C. Do not ali		SA, 50% glycerol and less than	
Specificity / Sensi	dom cont	ain and by dot blo ain very low endog	t using double-stranded F genous levels of 5-fC that	CR fragments containing may fall below the detect	over-expressing the TET1 catalytic 5-fC. Many cells and tissues tion limits of this antibody. This shows high specificity for 5-fC.	
Source / Purificati	i on Mon	oclonal antibody is	s produced by immunizing	g animals with 5-formyl-2'-	-deoxycytosine.	
Background	regu a reg mair repli TET (5). A carb cytos TET emb high there (10,1 (11,1 regio histo	lation of gene exp pressive epigeneti- ntained by DNMT1 cation. However, s 2, and TET3 can of Additionally, TET p oxylcytosine (5-ca sine oxidation to th protein-mediated ryonic stem cells (est levels found in e is mounting evid 11). The modified 12). The global lev ons and poised en one H3K9 and H3H unts of 5-hmC hav	ression, genomic imprinti c mark established <i>de no</i> (3, 4). 5-methylcytosine subsequent studies have statalyze the oxidation of n roteins can further oxidiz C), both of which are exc he base excision repair pa cytosine hydroxymethylai 5, 8). Since then this moo the brain (9). While 5-fC ence showing that 5-hmC base itself is stable <i>in viv</i> el of 5-hmC increases du hancers. Furthermore, the car trimethylation, sugges	ng, and mammalian devel vo by two enzymes, DNM was originally thought to b shown that Ten-Eleven Tra- nethylated cytosine to 5-h e 5-hmC to form 5-formylo ised by thymine-DNA glyc athway and supporting act tion was initially demonstr dification has been discove and 5-caC appear to be s t is a distinct epigenetic m o and interacts with variou ring brain development, a ere is an inverse correlatio sting a role for 5-hmC in g	cosylase (TDG), effectively linking tive cytosine demethylation (6,7).	
Background Refe	2. Tu 3. Ol	irek-Plewa, J. and	99) <i>Cell</i> 99, 247-57.	, 2571-87. Cell Mol Biol Lett 10, 631 [.]	-47.	

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1/1/24, 7:59 AM	5-Formylcytosine (5-fC) (D5D4K) Rabbit mAb (#74178) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology
Species Reactiv	ity Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).
Applications Ke	y IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) DB: DNA Dot Blot
Cross-Reactivity	 / Key H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected
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