## CTLA-4 (D4E9I) Rabbit mAb



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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

<b>Applications:</b> FC-FP, FC-L	Reactivity:	Sensitivity:	<b>MW (kDa):</b>	Source/Isotype:	UniProt ID:	Entrez-Gene Id:
	H	Endogenous	30	Rabbit IgG	#P16410	1493
Product Usage	Application				Dilution	

intormation Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized) 1:200 Flow Cytometry (Live) 1:200

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than **Storage** 0.02% sodium azide. Store at  $-20^{\circ}$ C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

CTLA-4 (D4E9I) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total CTLA-4 protein. Specificity / Sensitivity

Source / Purification Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Asp100 of human CTLA-4 protein.

**Background** Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4 (CTLA-4, CD152) is an Ig superfamily member that negatively regulates

early T cell activation (1-4). The CTLA-4 protein is primarily expressed on T cells, including CD8+ cytotoxic T cells, CD4<sup>+</sup> helper T cells, and CD4<sup>+</sup>/FoxP3<sup>+</sup> regulatory T cells (1,2). CTLA-4 protein competes with CD28 for B7.1 (CD80) and B7.2 (CD86) binding at the cell surface, which results in the downregulation of T cell activity (5). The activation of SHP-2 and PP2A downstream of CTLA-4 attenuates TCR signaling (6). Research studies indicate that CTLA4 knockout mice display lymphoproliferative disorders leading to early death, confirming the role of CTLA-4 as a negative regulator of T cells (7). Mutations in the corresponding CTLA4 gene are associated with multiple disorders, including insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, Graves' disease, Hashimoto thyroiditis, celiac disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, and type V autoimmune lymphoproliferative syndrome (8,9). Additional studies demonstrate that CTLA-4 blockade is an effective

strategy for tumor immunotherapy (10-12).

1. Brunet, J.F. et al. (1987) Nature 328, 267-70. **Background References** 

2. Brunet, J.F. et al. (1988) Immunol Rev 103, 21-36.

3. Dariavach, P. et al. (1988) Eur J Immunol 18, 1901-5.

4. Linsley, P.S. (1995) J Exp Med 182, 289-92.

5. Collins, A.V. et al. (2002) Immunity 17, 201-10.

6. Rudd, C.E. et al. (2009) Immunol Rev 229, 12-26.

7. Waterhouse, P. et al. (1995) Science 270, 985-8.

8. Romo-Tena, J. et al. (2013) Autoimmun Rev 12, 1171-6.

9. Wang, J. et al. (2014) PLoS One 9, e85982.

10. Egen, J.G. et al. (2002) Nat Immunol 3, 611-8.

11. Hodi, F.S. et al. (2003) Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A 100, 4712-7.

12. Pardoll, D.M. (2012) Nat Rev Cancer 12, 252-64.

**Species Reactivity** Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized) FC-L: Flow Cytometry (Live) **Applications Key** 

**Cross-Reactivity Key** H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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**Limited Uses** 

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