## ATP6V1B2 (D3O7Q) Rabbit mAb



Orders:

877-616-CELL (2355) orders@cellsignal.com

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877-678-TECH (8324)

Web:

info@cellsignal.com cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

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Applications: Reactivity: Sensitivity: MW (kDa): Source/Isotype: **UniProt ID:** Entrez-Gene Id: WB, IP HMRMk Endogenous 55 Rabbit IgG #P21281 526 **Product Usage** Application Dilution Information Western Blotting 1:1000 Immunoprecipitation 1:50

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than **Storage** 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

ATP6V1B2 (D3O7O) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total ATP6V1B2 protein. This antibody Specificity / Sensitivity does not cross-react with ATP6V1B1 protein.

Source / Purification Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues near the amino terminus of human ATP6V1B2 protein.

Eukaryotic cells contain ATP-driven proton pumps known as vacuolar H+-ATPases (V-ATPases) that **Background** 

acidify intracellular compartments and translocate protons across the plasma membrane (1.2). Intracellular v-ATPases play an important role in endocytosis and intracellular membrane trafficking, while plasma membrane v-ATPases are important in processes such as urinary acidification and bone resorption (1,2). Vacuolar ATPase enzymes are large, heteromultimeric protein complexes with component proteins found in either the V1 peripheral domain or the V0 integral domain (2). The cytoplasmic V1 domain contains a hexamer of A and B catalytic subunits, as well as a number of other protein subunits required for ATPase assembly and ATP hydrolysis. The integral V0 v-ATPase domain exhibits protein translocase activity and is responsible for transport of protons across the membrane (2). Research studies show that the v-ATPases ATP6V0c, ATP6V0d1, ATP6V1A, ATP6V1B2, and ATP6V1D interact with the Ragulator protein complex and are essential for amino acid induced activation of mTORC1 on the surface of lysosomes (3). Two isoforms of the B subunit are found in humans, ATP6V1B1 and ATP6V1B2. The ATP6V1B1 protein is

expressed primarily in the kidney, with mutations in the corresponding gene responsible for a form of renal tubular acidosis associated with progressive hearing loss (4,5). ATP6V1B2 protein exhibits a broader range of expression, localized to kidney, brain, pancreas, and other tissues (4).

1. Marshansky, V. and Futai, M. (2008) Curr Opin Cell Biol 20, 415-26. **Background References** 

2. Jefferies, K.C. et al. (2008) Arch Biochem Biophys 476, 33-42.

3. Zoncu, R. et al. (2011) Science 334, 678-83.

4. van Hille, B. et al. (1994) Biochem J 303 (Pt 1), 191-8.

5. Karet, F.E. et al. (1999) Nat Genet 21, 84-90.

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot). **Species Reactivity** 

Western Blot Buffer IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry

milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation **Applications Key** 

**Cross-Reactivity Key** H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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