TRIM5α (D6Z8L) Rabbit mAb



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Applications: WB, IP	Reactivity: H Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 56	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #Q9C035	Entrez-Gene Id: 85363
Product Usage Information	Ap	plication		Dilution		
	We	estern Blotting		1:1000		
	Im	munoprecipitation			1:50	
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20° C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity / Sensitivity		TRIM5 α (D6Z8L) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total TRIM5 α protein. This antibody does not react with human TRIM5 β and is not predicted to react with other human TRIM5 isoforms based on the location of the antigen.				
Source / Purificat		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Pro395 of human TRIM5 α protein.				
Background	mor rest a tri ami be e TRI disa	TRIM5 α is a retroviral restriction factor that was originally identified as an HIV restriction factor in Old World monkeys (1). The restriction specificity of TRIM5 α varies between species (2). Human TRIM5 α only weakly restricts HIV, but efficiently restricts N-tropic murine leukemia virus (N-MLV) (1-3). TRIM5 α is composed of a tripartite motif containing RING, B-box 2, and coiled-coil domains, and a B30.2/SPRY domain (4). A 13 amino acid stretch of the B30.2/SPRY domain containing multiple positively charged residues was found to be essential for viral restriction and responsible for variations across species in restriction specificity (4,5). TRIM5 α blocks viral infection by interacting with the incoming viral capsid and promoting its premature disassembly (1,6,7). In addition, TRIM5 α , together with UBC13-UEV1A, promotes innate immune signaling by catalyzing the synthesis of K63-linked ubiquitin chains that activate TAK1, AP-1, and NF-kB (8).				
Background Refe	1. Stremlau, M. et al. (2004) <i>Nature</i> 427, 848-53. 2. Hatziioannou, T. et al. (2004) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A</i> 101, 10774-9. 3. Yap, M.W. et al. (2004) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A</i> 101, 10786-91. 4. Javanbakht, H. et al. (2005) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 280, 26933-40. 5. Sawyer, S.L. et al. (2005) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A</i> 102, 2832-7. 6. Stremlau, M. et al. (2006) <i>Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A</i> 103, 5514-9. 7. Chatterji, U. et al. (2006) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 281, 37025-33.					

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation

8. Pertel, T. et al. (2011) Nature 472, 361-5.

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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Limited Uses

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