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**Cell Signaling** Phospho-Vimentin (Ser83) (D5A2D) Rabbit mAb TECHNOLOGY® Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355) orders@cellsignal.com

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## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

••	tivity: Sensitivity: H Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 57	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	<b>UniProt ID:</b> #P08670	Entrez-Gene Id: 7431
Product Usage Information	<b>Application</b> Western Blotting Immunofluorescence ( Flow Cytometry (Fixed	-	nistry)		<b>Dilution</b> 1:1000 1:100 1:200
Storage	Supplied in 10 mM sodi 0.02% sodium azide. St				erol and less than
Specificity / Sensitivity	Phospho-Vimentin (Ser when phosphorylated a	, , ,	bbit mAb recognizes end	dogenous levels of Vir	mentin protein only
Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology:	Mouse, Rat				
Source / Purification	Monoclonal antibody is residues surrounding Se			synthetic phosphoper	tide corresponding to
Background	The cytoskeleton consist filaments, and microtub expression: cytokeratins visceral, and certain vas (neurons). GFAP and vi shape (1). In particular, filaments are characteri a marker for intracrania that vimentin is present with that of other marke spatial re-organization i (4). Phosphorylation of vimentin filaments in res is important during lymp During mitosis, CDK1 p for vimentin-PLK interact phosphorylation site and using various soft-tissue enhances cell migration sarcoma targeted thera CDK1 phosphorylates v interaction. PLK further site and play a regulato	ules. Major types s (epithelial cells) scular smooth mu mentin form inter vimentin filamen stic of differential and intraspinal t in sarcomas, but rs to distinguish l n response to exi vimentin at Ser56 sponse to serotor bhocyte adhesion hosphorylates vii ction. PLK further d play a regulator e sarcoma cells h and survival, sur py (10,11).	of intermediate filament of glial fibrillary acidic pro- uscle cells), vimentin (m rmediate filaments in as ts are present at early d ted and mature brain as tumors arising from astri- to carcinomas, and its between the two (3). Vir tracellular stimuli help to 5 in smooth muscle cells nin (5,6). Remodeling of and migration through mentin at Ser56. This pl phosphorylates viment ry role in vimentin filament ave shown that phosph ggesting that vimentin c during mitosis, providin vimentin at Ser83, which	ts are distinguished b betein (GFAP) (glial cell esenchyme origin), au troglial cells and modi evelopmental stages, trocytes. Thus, GFAP ocytes (2). Research s expression is examin mentin's dynamic structur o coordinate various s s regulates the structur i vimentin and other in the endothelium (7). nosphorylation provide in at Ser83, which mig ent disassembly (8,9). orylation of vimentin a ould be a potential tai g a PLK binding site for might serve as a me	y their cell-specific ls), desmin (skeletal, nd neurofilaments ulate their motility and while GFAP is commonly used as studies have shown ned in conjunction ctural changes and ignaling pathways iral arrangement of ntermediate filaments es a PLK binding site ght serve as memory Additionally, studies at Ser39 by Akt1 rget for soft-tissue
Background References	1. Eng, L.F. et al. (2000) 2. Goebel, H.H. et al. (1 3. Leader, M. et al. (198 4. Helfand, B.T. et al. (2 5. Tang, D.D. et al. (200 6. Fomina, I.G. et al. (19 7. Nieminen, M. et al. (2 8. Yamaguchi, T. et al. (200	987) Acta Histoc. 77) Histopatholog 004) J Cell Sci 1: 15) Biochem J 38 990) Klin Med (M 2006) Nat Cell Bio	hem Suppl 34, 81-93. y 11, 63-72. 17, 133-41. 8, 773-83. osk) 68, 125-7. ol 8, 156-62.		

/24, 3:06 PM Pho	<ul> <li>spho-Vimentin (Ser83) (D5A2D) Rabbit mAb (#12569) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Techn</li> <li>9. Oguri, T. et al. (2006) <i>Genes Cells</i> 11, 531-40.</li> <li>10. Zhu, Q.S. et al. (2011) <i>Oncogene</i> 30, 457-70.</li> <li>11. Xue, G. and Hemmings, B.A. (2013) <i>J Natl Cancer Inst</i> 105, 393-404.</li> <li>12. Yamaguchi, T. et al. (2005) <i>J Cell Biol</i> 171, 431-6.</li> <li>13. Oguri, T. et al. (2006) <i>Genes Cells</i> 11, 531-40.</li> </ul>				
Species Reactivity	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).				
Western Blot Buffer	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.				
Applications Key	<b>WB:</b> Western Blotting <b>IF-IC:</b> Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) <b>FC-FP:</b> Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)				
Cross-Reactivity Ke	<ul> <li>H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster</li> <li>X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse</li> <li>GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected</li> </ul>				
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