#12395 store at -20C

YAP (1A12) Mouse mAb



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Applications: WB, IP, IHC-P	Reactivity: H M R Hm Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 65-78	Source/Isotype: Mouse IgG1	UniProt ID: #P46937	Entrez-Gene Id: 10413
Product Usage Information	Application				Dilution	
	Western Blotting				1:1000	
	Immunoprecipitation				1:200	
	Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)				1:400	
Storage	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					

Specificity / Sensitivity YAP (1A12) Mouse mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total YAP protein.

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Source / PurificationMonoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a recombinant protein corresponding to a fragment of human YAP1 protein.

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YAP (Yes-associated protein, YAP65) was first identified based on its ability to associate with the SH3 domain of Yes. It also binds to other SH3 domain-containing proteins such as Nck, Crk, Src, and Abl (1). In addition to the SH3 binding motif, YAP contains a PDZ interaction motif, a coiled-coil domain, and WW domains (2-4). While initial studies of YAP all pointed towards a role in anchoring and targeting to specific subcellular compartments, subsequent studies showed that YAP is a transcriptional co-activator by virtue of its WW domain interacting with the PY motif (PPxY) of the transcription factor PEBP2 and other transcription factors (5). In its capacity as a transcriptional co-activator, YAP is now widely recognized as a central mediator of the Hippo Pathway, which plays a fundamental and widely conserved role in regulating tissue growth and organ size (6-8). Phosphorylation at multiple sites (e.g., Ser109, Ser127) by LATS kinases promotes YAP translocation from the nucleus to the cytoplasm, where it is sequestered through association with 14-3-3 proteins (7-9). These LATS-driven phosphorylation events serve to prime YAP for subsequent phosphorylation by CK1δ/ε in an adjacent phosphodegron, triggering proteasomal degradation

of YAP (10).

Background References

Background

- 1. Sudol, M. (1994) Oncogene 9, 2145-52.
- 2. Mohler, P.J. et al. (1999) J Cell Biol 147, 879-90.
- 3. Espanel, X. and Sudol, M. (2001) J Biol Chem 276, 14514-23.
- 4. Sudol, M. et al. (1995) FEBS Lett 369, 67-71.
- 5. Yagi, R. et al. (1999) EMBO J 18, 2551-62.
- 6. Dong, J. et al. (2007) Cell 130, 1120-33.
- 7. Zhao, B. et al. (2010) Genes Dev 24, 862-74.
- 8. Zhao, B. et al. (2007) Genes Dev 21, 2747-61.
- 9. Yu, F.X. et al. (2012) Cell 150, 780-91.
- 10. Zhao, B. et al. (2010) Genes Dev 24, 72-85.

Species Reactivity Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry

milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC-P: Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)

Cross-Reactivity Key H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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