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## MCM2 (1E7) Mouse mAb



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## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

<b>Applications:</b> WB, IP, IHC-P, IF-IC	Reactivity: H Mk	<b>Sensitivity:</b> Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 125	Source/Isotype: Mouse IgG1	<b>UniProt ID:</b> #P49736	Entrez-Gene Id 4171
Product Usage Information	Ap	Application				
	We	Western Blotting				1:1000
	Imr	Immunoprecipitation				1:200
	Imr	Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)				1:400
	Imr	Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)				1:200
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu$ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at $-20^{\circ}$ C. Do not aliquot the antibody.				
Specificity / Sensi	tivity MCI	MCM2 (1E7) Mouse mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total MCM2 protein.				
Source / Purificati	•	Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with recombinant protein specific to the amino terminus of human MCM2 protein.				
Background	The minichromosome maintenance (MCM) 2-7 proteins are a family of six related proteins required for initiation and elongation of DNA replication. MCM2-7 bind together to form the heterohexameric MCM complex that is thought to act as a replicative helicase at the DNA replication fork (1-5). This complex is a key component of the pre-replication complex (pre-RC) (reviewed in 1). Cdc6 and CDT1 recruit the MCM					

The minichromosome maintenance (MCM) 2-7 proteins are a family of six related proteins required for initiation and elongation of DNA replication. MCM2-7 bind together to form the heterohexameric MCM complex that is thought to act as a replicative helicase at the DNA replication fork (1-5). This complex is a key component of the pre-replication complex (pre-RC) (reviewed in 1). Cdc6 and CDT1 recruit the MCM complex to the origin recognition complex (ORC) during late mitosis/early G1 phase forming the pre-RC and licensing the DNA for replication (reviewed in 2). Licensing of the chromatin permits the DNA to replicate only once per cell cycle, thereby helping to ensure that genetic alterations and malignant cell growth do not occur (reviewed in 3). Phosphorylation of the MCM2, MCM3, MCM4, and MCM6 subunits appears to regulate MCM complex activity and the initiation of DNA synthesis (6-8). CDK1 phosphorylation of MCM3 at Ser112 during late mitosis/early G1 phase has been shown to initiate complex formation and chromatin loading *in vitro* (8). Phosphorylation of MCM2 at serine 139 by cdc7/dbf4 coincides with the initiation of DNA replication (9). MCM proteins are removed during DNA replication, causing chromatin to become unlicensed through inhibition of pre-RC reformation. Studies have shown that the MCM complex is involved in checkpoint control by protecting the structure of the replication fork and assisting in restarting replication by recruiting checkpoint proteins after arrest (reviewed in 3,10).

## **Background References**

- 1. Lei, M. and Tye, B.K. (2001) J Cell Sci 114, 1447-54.
- 2. Lygerou, Z. and Nurse, P. (2000) Science 290, 2271-3.
- 3. Forsburg, S.L. (2004) Microbiol Mol Biol Rev 68, 109-31.
- 4. Tye, B.K. and Sawyer, S. (2000) J Biol Chem 275, 34833-6.
- 5. Labib, K. et al. (2000) Science 288, 1643-7.
- 6. Charych, D.H. et al. (2008) J Cell Biochem 104, 1075-86.
- 7. Masai, H. et al. (2006) J Biol Chem 281, 39249-61.
- 8. Lin, D.I. et al. (2008) Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 105, 8079-84.
- 9. Tsuji, T. et al. (2006) Mol Biol Cell 17, 4459-72.
- 10. Bailis, J.M. et al. (2008) Mol Cell Biol 28, 1724-38.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v nonfat dry milk, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key** 

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC-P: Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)

IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)

1/1/24. 7:52 AM

**Cross-Reactivity Key** 

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**Limited Uses** 

MCM2 (1E7) Mouse mAb (#12079) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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