# Acetyl-Histone H3 (Lys9) (C5B11) Rabbit mAb



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# For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: WB, IP, IHC-P, IF-IC, FC-FP, ChIP, ChIP-seq, C&R, C&T Reactivity: H M R Mk Z Sensitivity: Endogenous MW (kDa):

Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG UniProt ID: #P68431 Entrez-Gene Id: 8350

#### Product Usage Information

For optimal ChIP and ChIP-seq results, use 10  $\mu$ I of antibody and 10  $\mu$ g of chromatin (approximately 4 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells) per IP. This antibody has been validated using SimpleChIP<sup>®</sup> Enzymatic Chromatin IP Kits.

The CUT&RUN dilution was determined using CUT&RUN Assay Kit #86652.

The CUT&Tag dilution was determined using CUT&Tag Assay Kit #77552.

Application	Dilution
Western Blotting	1:1000
Immunoprecipitation	1:25
Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)	1:800
Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)	1:400
Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)	1:200
Chromatin IP	1:50
Chromatin IP-seq	1:50
CUT&RUN	1:50
CUT&Tag	1:50

#### Storage

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100  $\mu$ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at  $-20^{\circ}$ C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

## Specificity / Sensitivity

Acetyl-Histone H3 (Lys9) (C5B11) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of histone H3 only when acetylated on Lys9. This antibody does not cross-react with other acetylated histones.

# Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology:

S. cerevisiae

# Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the amino terminus of histone H3 in which Lys9 is acetylated.

#### **Background**

Modulation of chromatin structure plays an important role in the regulation of transcription in eukaryotes. The nucleosome, made up of DNA wound around eight core histone proteins (two each of H2A, H2B, H3, and H4), is the primary building block of chromatin (1). The amino-terminal tails of core histones undergo various posttranslational modifications, including acetylation, phosphorylation, methylation, and ubiquitination (2-5). These modifications occur in response to various stimuli and have a direct effect on the accessibility of chromatin to transcription factors and, therefore, gene expression (6). In most species, histone H2B is primarily acetylated at Lys5, 12, 15, and 20 (4,7). Histone H3 is primarily acetylated at Lys9, 14, 18, 23, 27, and 56. Acetylation of H3 at Lys9 appears to have a dominant role in histone deposition and chromatin assembly in some organisms (2,3). Phosphorylation at Ser10, Ser28, and Thr11 of histone H3 is tightly correlated with chromosome condensation during both mitosis and meiosis (8-10). Phosphorylation at Thr3 of histone H3 is highly conserved among many species and is catalyzed by the kinase haspin. Immunostaining with phospho-specific antibodies in mammalian cells reveals mitotic phosphorylation at Thr3 of H3 in prophase and its dephosphorylation during anaphase (11).

# **Background References**

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- 6. Jaskelioff, M. and Peterson, C.L. (2003) Nat Cell Biol 5, 395-9.
- 7. Thorne, A.W. et al. (1990) Eur J Biochem 193, 701-13.
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#### **Species Reactivity**

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

#### Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

#### **Applications Key**

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC-P: Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)

IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)

ChIP: Chromatin IP ChIP-seq: Chromatin IP-seq C&R: CUT&RUN C&T: CUT&Tag

# **Cross-Reactivity Key**

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

#### GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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