Revision 1

#8699 Store at -20C

Phospho-MOB1 (Thr35) (D2F10) Rabbit mAb

Cell Signaling TECHNOLOGY®

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3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications:	Reactivity:	Sensitivity:	MW (kDa):	Source/Isotype:	UniProt ID:	Entrez-Gene Id:
WB, IHC-P	H M R Mk	Endogenous	24	Rabbit IgG	#Q9H8S9, #Q7L9L4	55233, 92597

Product Usage Information

Application	Dilution
Western Blotting	1:1000
Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)	1:50

Storage

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

Specificity / Sensitivity

Phospho-MOB1 (Thr35) (D2F10) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of MOB1 protein only when phosphorylated at Thr35.

Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology:

Hamster, Chicken, Xenopus, Zebrafish, Bovine, Horse, Guinea Pig

Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Thr35 of human MOB1 protein.

Background

MOB1 was first identified in yeast as a protein that binds to Mps with essential roles in the completion of mitosis and the maintenance of ploidy (1). Its *Drosophila* and mammalian homologs, Mats and MOB1, respectively, are involved in the Hippo signaling tumor suppressor pathway, which plays a critical role in organ size regulation and which has been implicated in cancer development (2-5). There are two MOB1 proteins in humans, MOB1A and MOB1B, that are encoded by two different genes but which have greater than 95% amino acid sequence identity (6). Both forms bind to members of the nuclear Dbf2-related (NDR) kinases, such as LATS1/2 and NDR1/2, thereby stimulating kinase activity (7-9). This binding is promoted by the phosphorylation of MOB1 at several threonine residues (e.g., Thr12, Thr35) by MST1 and/or MST2 (5,10).

Phosphorylation at Thr35 by MST1/2 stabilizes MOB1, enhancing its binding and regulation of LATS1 (5). The resultant increase in LATS1 kinase activity promotes inhibitory phosphorylation of the transcriptional co-activators YAP and TAZ (11,12), leading to changes in the expression of genes involved in cell cycle progression (13).

Background References

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5. Zeng, Q. and Hong, W. (2008) *Cancer Cell* 13, 188-92.
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7. Devroe, E. et al. (2004) *J Biol Chem* 279, 24444-51.
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11. Zhao, B. et al. (2007) *Genes Dev* 21, 2747-61.
12. Lei, Q.Y. et al. (2008) *Mol Cell Biol* 28, 2426-36.
13. Hao, Y. et al. (2008) *J Biol Chem* 283, 5496-509.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting **IHC-P:** Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human **M:** mouse **R:** rat **Hm:** hamster **Mk:** monkey **Vir:** virus **Mi:** mink **C:** chicken **Dm:** D. melanogaster **X:** Xenopus **Z:** zebrafish **B:** bovine **Dg:** dog **Pg:** pig **Sc:** S. cerevisiae **Ce:** C. elegans **Hr:** horse **GP:** Guinea Pig **Rab:** rabbit **All:** all species expected

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Limited Uses