+5842 Store at -20C

PKA C-α (D38C6) Rabbit mAb



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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications:Reactivity:Sensitivity:MW (kDa):Source/Isotype:UniProt ID:Entrez-Gene Id:WB, IPH M R Hm MkEndogenous42Rabbit IgG#P176125566

Product Usage Information

Application Dilution
Western Blotting 1:1000
Immunoprecipitation 1:50

Storage Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

Specificity / Sensitivity PKA C-α (D38C6) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total PKA C-α protein.

Source / PurificationMonoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser326 of human PKA C-α protein.

Background The second messenger cyclic AMP (cAMP) activates cAMP-dependent protein kinase (PKA or cAPK) in

mammalian cells and controls many cellular mechanisms such as gene transcription, ion transport, and protein phosphorylation (1). Inactive PKA is a heterotetramer composed of a regulatory subunit (R) dimer and a catalytic subunit (C) dimer. In this inactive state, the pseudosubstrate sequences on the R subunits block the active sites on the C subunits. Three C subunit isoforms (C- α , C- β , and C- γ) and two families of regulatory subunits (RI and RII) with distinct cAMP binding properties have been identified. The two R families exist in two isoforms, α and β (RI- α , RI- β , RII- α , and RII- β). Upon binding of cAMP to the R subunits, the autoinhibitory contact is eased and active monomeric C subunits are released. PKA shares substrate specificity with Akt (PKB) and PKC, which are characterized by an arginine at position -3 relative to the phosphorylated serine or threonine residue (2). Substrates that present this consensus sequence and have been shown to be phosphorylated by PKA are Bad (Ser155), CREB (Ser133), and GSK-3 (GSK-3 α Ser21 and GSK-3 α Ser9) (3-5). In addition, combined knock-down of PKA C- α and - β blocks cAMP-mediated phosphorylation of Raf (Ser43 and Ser259) (6). Autophosphorylation and phosphorylation by PDK-1 are two known mechanisms responsible for phosphorylation of the C subunit at Thr197 (7).

Background References

- 1. Montminy, M. (1997) Annu. Rev. Biochem. 66, 807-822.
- 2. Dell'Acqua, M.L. and Scott, J.D. (1997) *J. Biol. Chem.* 272, 12881-12884.
- 3. Tan, Y. et al. (2000) J. Biol. Chem. 275, 25865-25869.
- 4. Gonzalez, G.A. and Montminy, M.R. (1989) Cell 59, 675-680.
- 5. Fang, X. et al. (2000) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 97, 11960-11965.
- 6. Dumaz, N. and Marais, R. (2003) J. Biol. Chem. 278, 29819 -29823.
- 7. Moore, M.J. et al. (2002) J. Biol. Chem. 277, 47878-47884.

Species Reactivity Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS,

0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation

Cross-Reactivity Key H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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1/1/24, 2:55 PM **Limited Uses**

PKA C-α (D38C6) Rabbit mAb (#5842) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology

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