#5704 Store at -20C

NMDA Receptor 1 (GluN1) (D65B7) Rabbit mAb



Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

Support: 877-678-TECH (8324)

Web: info@cellsignal.com

cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: WB, IP	Reactivity: H M R	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 120	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #Q05586	Entrez-Gene Id: 2902	
Product Usage Information	Ар	Application		Dilution			
	We	estern Blotting		1:1000			
	Imr	munoprecipitation		1:50			
Storage	•	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity / Sensitivity		NMDA Receptor 1 (GluN1) (D65B7) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of total NMDAR1 protein.					
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues surrounding Pro660 of the human NMDA Receptor 1.					
Background	N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor (NMDAR) forms a heterodimer of at least one NR1 and one NR2A-D subunit. Multiple receptor isoforms with distinct brain distributions and functional properties arise by selective splicing of the NR1 transcripts and differential expression of the NR2 subunits. NR1 subunits bir the co-agonist glycine and NR2 subunits bind the neurotransmitter glutamate. Activation of the NMDA receptor or opening of the ion channel allows flow of Na+ and Ca2+ ions into the cell, and K+ out of the c (1). Each subunit has a cytoplasmic domain that can be directly modified by the protein kinase/phosphatase (2). PKC can phosphorylate the NR1 subunit (NMDAR1) of the receptor at Ser890/Ser896, and PKA can phosphorylate NR1 at Ser897 (3). The phosphorylation of NR1 by PKC decreases its affinity for calmodulin, thus preventing the inhibitory effect of calmodulin on NMDAR (4). The phosphorylation of NR1 by PKA probably counteracts the inhibitory effect of calcineurin on the receptor (5 NMDAR mediates long-term potentiation and slow postsynaptic excitation, which play central roles in learning, neurodevelopment, and neuroplasticity (6).					erties arise by s. NR1 subunits bind on of the NMDA and K+ out of the cell n eceptor at of NR1 by PKC on NMDAR (4). The n on the receptor (5).	
1. Liu, X.B. et al. (2004) <i>J Neurosci</i> 24, 8 2. Westphal, R.S. et al. (1999) <i>Science</i> 2 3. Tingley, W.G. et al. (1997) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 4. Hisatsune, C. et al. (1997) <i>J Biol Chem</i> 5. Raman, I.M. et al. (1996) <i>Neuron</i> 16, 4 6. Makhinson, M. et al. (1999) <i>J Neurosci</i> 7. Devi, L. and Ohno, M. (2015) <i>Transl P.</i>				285, 93-6. m 272, 5157-66. m 272, 20805-10. 415-21. ci 19, 2500-10.			

Species Reactivity Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation

Cross-Reactivity Key

 $\textbf{H:} \ \text{human} \ \textbf{M:} \ \text{mouse} \ \textbf{R:} \ \text{rat} \ \textbf{Hm:} \ \text{hamster} \ \textbf{Mk:} \ \text{monkey} \ \textbf{Vir:} \ \text{virus} \ \textbf{Mi:} \ \text{mink} \ \textbf{C:} \ \text{chicken} \ \textbf{Dm:} \ \textbf{D.} \ \text{melanogaster}$

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

Trademarks and Patents

Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Visit cellsignal.com/trademarks for more

information.

Limited Uses

Except as otherwise expressly agreed in a writing signed by a legally authorized representative of CST, the following terms apply to Products provided by CST, its affiliates or its distributors. Any Customer's terms and conditions that are in addition to, or different from, those contained herein, unless separately accepted in

NMDA Receptor 1 (GluN1) (D65B7) Rabbit mAb (#5704) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technol... writing by a legally authorized representative of CST, are rejected and are of no force or effect.

Products are labeled with For Research Use Only or a similar labeling statement and have not been approved, cleared, or licensed by the FDA or other regulatory foreign or domestic entity, for any purpose. Customer shall not use any Product for any diagnostic or therapeutic purpose, or otherwise in any manner that conflicts with its labeling statement. Products sold or licensed by CST are provided for Customer as the end-user and solely for research and development uses. Any use of Product for diagnostic, prophylactic or therapeutic purposes, or any purchase of Product for resale (alone or as a component) or other commercial purpose, requires a separate license from CST. Customer shall (a) not sell, license, loan, donate or otherwise transfer or make available any Product to any third party, whether alone or in combination with other materials, or use the Products to manufacture any commercial products, (b) not copy, modify, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or otherwise attempt to discover the underlying structure or technology of the Products, or use the Products for the purpose of developing any products or services that would compete with CST products or services, (c) not alter or remove from the Products any trademarks, trade names, logos, patent or copyright notices or markings, (d) use the Products solely in accordance with CST Product Terms of Sale and any applicable documentation, and (e) comply with any license, terms of service or similar agreement with respect to any third party products or services used by Customer in connection with the Products.