# S100A10 (4E7E10) Mouse mAb



Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355)

orders@cellsignal.com

877-678-TECH (8324) Support:

Web: info@cellsignal.com

cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

<b>Applications:</b> WB, IHC-P, IF-IC, FC-FP	Reactivity: H Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 11	Source/Isotype: Mouse IgG1	UniProt ID: #P08207	Entrez-Gene Id: 20194	
Product Usage Information	Application					Dilution	
	We	Western Blotting				1:1000	
	Imr	Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)				1:100	
	lmr	Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)				1:400	
	Flo	Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)				1:200	
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu$ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at $-20$ °C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity / Sensitiv	vity S10	S100A10 (4E7E10) Mouse mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total S100A10 protein. This antibody is					

not known to react with other S100 family proteins.

Source / Purification

Monoclonal antibody is generated by immunizing animals with a recombinant fragment of human S100A10 protein expressed in E. coli. The antibody is affinity purified by Protein G chromatography.

### **Background**

Despite their relatively small size (8-12 kDa) and uncomplicated architecture, S100 proteins regulate a variety of cellular processes, such as cell growth and motility, cell cycle progression, transcription, and differentiation. To date, 25 members have been identified, including S100A1-S100A18, trichohyalin, filaggrin, repetin, S100P, and S100Z, making it the largest group in the EF-hand, calcium-binding protein family. Interestingly, 14 S100 genes are clustered on human chromosome 1q21, a region of genomic instability. Research studies have demonstrated that significant correlation exists between aberrant S100 protein expression and cancer progression. S100 proteins primarily mediate immune responses in various tissue types but are also involved in neuronal development (1-4).

Each S100 monomer bears two EF-hand motifs and can bind up to two molecules of calcium (or other divalent cation in some instances). Structural evidence shows that S100 proteins form antiparallel homo- or heterodimers that coordinate binding partner proximity in a calcium-dependent (and sometimes calciumindependent) manner. Although structurally and functionally similar, individual members show restricted tissue distribution, are localized in specific cellular compartments, and display unique protein binding partners, which suggests that each plays a specific role in various signaling pathways. In addition to an intracellular role, some S100 proteins have been shown to act as receptors for extracellular ligands or are secreted and exhibit cytokine-like activities (1-4).

S100A10 (alternately known as p11 or calpactin 1 light chain) forms a constitutive heterotetramer with annexin A2 (ANXA2) and may act as a bridge between the plasma membrane and actin cytoskeleton via interactions with the plasma membrane (via ANXA2) and various protein partners such as the SNARE complex or actin (5-7). S100A10 has been hypothesized to play a critical role in neuronal signaling due to its interaction and regulation of neurotransmitter receptors and neuron-specific ion channels such as 5-HT1B, TRPV5, ASIC1, TASK1, and NaV1.8 (8-10). More recently, S100A10 has also been shown to modulate macrophage activation and invasion via its ability to bind and transmit receptor-like signals in response to plasminogen (11,12).

## **Background References**

- 1. Heizmann, C.W. et al. (2002) Front Biosci 7, d1356-68.
- 2. Donato, R. (2003) Microsc Res Tech 60, 540-51.
- 3. Marenholz, I. et al. (2004) Biochem Biophys Res Commun 322, 1111-22.
- 4. Santamaria-Kisiel, L. et al. (2006) Biochem J 396, 201-14.
- 5. Illien, F. et al. (2010) Biochim Biophys Acta 1798, 1790-6.
- 6. Umbrecht-Jenck, E. et al. (2010) Traffic 11, 958-71.
- 7. Jung, M.J. et al. (2010) Exp Cell Res 316, 1234-40. 8. van de Graaf, S.F. et al. (2003) EMBO J 22, 1478-87.
- 9. Girard, C. et al. (2002) EMBO J 21, 4439-48.

- 10. Donier, E. et al. (2005) J Biol Chem 280, 38666-72.
- 11. O'Connell, P.A. et al. (2010) Blood 116, 1136-46.
- 12. Swisher, J.F. et al. (2010) Blood 115, 549-58.

# **Species Reactivity**

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

# **Western Blot Buffer**

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

#### **Applications Key**

WB: Western Blotting IHC-P: Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)

IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)

#### **Cross-Reactivity Key**

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

#### Trademarks and **Patents**

Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Visit cellsignal.com/trademarks for more information.

#### **Limited Uses**

Except as otherwise expressly agreed in a writing signed by a legally authorized representative of CST, the following terms apply to Products provided by CST, its affiliates or its distributors. Any Customer's terms and conditions that are in addition to, or different from, those contained herein, unless separately accepted in writing by a legally authorized representative of CST, are rejected and are of no force or effect.

Products are labeled with For Research Use Only or a similar labeling statement and have not been approved, cleared, or licensed by the FDA or other regulatory foreign or domestic entity, for any purpose. Customer shall not use any Product for any diagnostic or therapeutic purpose, or otherwise in any manner that conflicts with its labeling statement. Products sold or licensed by CST are provided for Customer as the end-user and solely for research and development uses. Any use of Product for diagnostic, prophylactic or therapeutic purposes, or any purchase of Product for resale (alone or as a component) or other commercial purpose, requires a separate license from CST. Customer shall (a) not sell, license, loan, donate or otherwise transfer or make available any Product to any third party, whether alone or in combination with other materials, or use the Products to manufacture any commercial products, (b) not copy, modify, reverse engineer, decompile, disassemble or otherwise attempt to discover the underlying structure or technology of the Products, or use the Products for the purpose of developing any products or services that would compete with CST products or services, (c) not alter or remove from the Products any trademarks, trade names, logos, patent or copyright notices or markings, (d) use the Products solely in accordance with CST Product Terms of Sale and any applicable documentation, and (e) comply with any license, terms of service or similar agreement with respect to any third party products or services used by Customer in connection with the Products.