DDB-2 (D4C4) Rabbit mAb



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Applications: Reactivity: Sensitivity: MW (kDa): Source/Isotype: **UniProt ID:** Entrez-Gene Id: WR н м Endogenous 43 Rabbit IgG #Q92466 1643 **Product Usage** Application Dilution Information 1:1000 Western Blotting Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than **Storage** 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody. Specificity / Sensitivity DDB-2 (D4C4) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of total DDB-2 protein.

Species predicted to

Rat, Monkey

Source / Purification

react based on 100% sequence homology:

Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids surrounding Ala174 of human DDB-2.

Background

Damaged DNA-Binding Protein (DDB) consists of a 127 kDa subunit (DDB-1) and a 48 kDa subunit (DDB-2) that contribute to the formation of the UV-damaged DNA-binding protein complex (UV-DDB) (1-3). In conjunction with CUL4A and ROC-1, the UV-DDB complex forms an E3 ubiquitin ligase that recognizes a broad spectrum of DNA lesions such as cyclobutane pyrimidine dimers, 6-4 photoproducts, apurinic sites and short mismatches. The complex polyubiquitinates components of the nucleotide excision repair pathway (4-6). Loss of DDB activity has been identified in a subset of xeroderma pigmentosum complementation group E (XP-E) patients and has been linked to the deficient repair of cyclobutane pyrimidine dimers in cells derived from these patients (7-10).

Background References

- 1. Reardon, J.T. et al. (1993) *J Biol Chem* 268, 21301-8.
- 2. Keeney, S. et al. (1993) J Biol Chem 268, 21293-300.
- 3. Hwang, B.J. and Chu, G. (1993) Biochemistry 32, 1657-66.
- 4. Chu, G. and Chang, E. (1990) Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 87, 3324-7.
- 5. Hirschfeld, S. et al. (1990) Mol Cell Biol 10, 2041-8.
- 6. Payne, A. and Chu, G. (1994) Mutat Res 310, 89-102.
- 7. Chu, G. and Chang, E. (1988) Science 242, 564-7.
- 8. Nichols, A.F. et al. (1996) J Biol Chem 271, 24317-20.
- 9. Kataoka, H. and Fujiwara, Y. (1991) Biochem Biophys Res Commun 175, 1139-43.
- 10. Keeney, S. et al. (1992) Mutat Res 273, 49-56.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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Limited Uses

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