PDGF Receptor α (D13C6) XP® Rabbit mAb



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Or Research Use Only. N Applications: WB, IHC-P, IF-IC, FC- FP, FC-L	Not for Use in Reactivity: H	Diagnostic Proce Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa):	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #P16234	Entrez-Gene Id 5156	
Product Usage Information	Application					Dilution	
	Western Blotting					1:1000	
	Imr	Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)				1:200	
	Imr	Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)				1:800	
	Flo	Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)				1:800	
	Flo	Flow Cytometry (Live)				1:800	
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20° C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
	For	For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #26899.					
Specificity / Sensitiv	vity PDC	PDGF Receptor α (D13C6) XP $^{\otimes}$ Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of PDGF receptor α protein.					
Source / Purification	n Mor	Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with recombinant protein corresponding to the					

Background

Platelet derived growth factor (PDGF) family proteins exist as several disulphide-bonded, dimeric isoforms (PDGF AA, PDGF AB, PDGF BB, PDGF CC, and PDGF DD) that bind in a specific pattern to two closely related receptor tyrosine kinases, PDGF receptor α (PDGFR α) and PDGF receptor β (PDGFR β). PDGFR α and PDGFR\$ share 75% to 85% sequence homology between their two intracellular kinase domains, while the kinase insert and carboxy-terminal tail regions display a lower level (27% to 28%) of homology (1). PDGFRα homodimers bind all PDGF isoforms except those containing PDGF D. PDGFRβ homodimers bind PDGF BB and DD isoforms, as well as the PDGF AB heterodimer. The heteromeric PDGF receptor αl β binds PDGF B. C. and D homodimers, as well as the PDGF AB heterodimer (2), PDGFRα and PDGFRβ can each form heterodimers with EGFR, which is also activated by PDGF (3). Various cells differ in the total number of receptors present and in the receptor subunit composition, which may account for responsive differences among cell types to PDGF binding (4). Ligand binding induces receptor dimerization and autophosphorylation, followed by binding and activation of cytoplasmic SH2 domaincontaining signal transduction molecules, such as GRB2, Src, GAP, PI3 kinase, PLCy, and NCK. A number of different signaling pathways are initiated by activated PDGF receptors and lead to control of cell growth, actin reorganization, migration, and differentiation (5). Tyr751 in the kinase-insert region of PDGFR\$\beta\$ is the docking site for PI3 kinase (6). Phosphorylated pentapeptides derived from Tyr751 of PDGFR\$ (pTyr751-Val-Pro-Met-Leu) inhibit the association of the carboxy-terminal SH2 domain of the p85 subunit of PI3 kinase with PDGFRβ (7). Tyr740 is also required for PDGFRβ-mediated PI3 kinase activation (8).

Background References

1. Deuel, T.F. et al. (1988) Biofactors 1, 213-217.

PDGF receptor α extracellular domain.

- 2. Bergsten, E. et al. (2001) Nat. Cell Biol. 3, 512-516.
- 3. Betsholtz, C. et al. (2001) Bioessays 23, 494-507.
- 4. Coughlin, S.R. et al. (1988) Prog. Clin. Biol. Res. 266, 39-45.
- 5. Ostman, A. and Heldin, C.H. (2001) Adv. Cancer Res. 80, 1-38.
- 6. Panayotou, G. et al. (1992) EMBO J. 11, 4261-4272.
- 7. Ramalingam, K. et al. (1995) Bioorg. Med. Chem. 3, 1263-1272.
- 8. Kashishian, A. et al. (1992) *EMBO J.* 11, 1373-1382.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

1/1/24. 12:58 PM

PDGF Receptor α (D13C6) XP® Rabbit mAb (#5241) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting IHC-P: Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)

IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) FC-FP: Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)

FC-L: Flow Cytometry (Live)

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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