

#4691 Store at -20C

Akt (pan) (C67E7) Rabbit mAb


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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications:	Reactivity:	Sensitivity:	MW (kDa):	Source/Isotype:	UniProt ID:	Entrez-Gene Id:
WB, IP, IHC-P, IF-IC, FC-FP	H M R Mk Dm	Endogenous	60	Rabbit IgG	#P31751, #Q9Y243, #P31749	208, 10000, 207

Product Usage Information	Application	Dilution
	Western Blotting	1:1000
	Immunoprecipitation	1:50
	Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)	1:150 - 1:600
	Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)	1:200 - 1:800
	Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)	1:100 - 1:400

Storage	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide. Store at -20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.
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For a carrier free (BSA and azide free) version of this product see product #88800.

Specificity / Sensitivity	Akt (pan) (C67E7) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of total Akt protein. This antibody does not cross-react with other related proteins.
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Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology:	Pig
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Source / Purification	Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues in the carboxy-terminal sequence of mouse Akt.
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Background	Akt, also referred to as PKB or Rac, plays a critical role in controlling cell survival and apoptosis (1-3). This protein kinase is activated by insulin and various growth and survival factors to function in a wortmannin-sensitive pathway involving PI3 kinase (2,3). Akt is activated by phospholipid binding and activation loop phosphorylation at Thr308 by PDK1 (4) and by phosphorylation within the carboxy terminus at Ser473. The previously elusive PDK2 responsible for phosphorylation of Akt at Ser473 has been identified as mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) in a rapamycin-insensitive complex with rictor and Sin1 (5,6). Akt promotes cell survival by inhibiting apoptosis through phosphorylation and inactivation of several targets, including Bad (7), forkhead transcription factors (8), c-Raf (9), and caspase-9. PTEN phosphatase is a major negative regulator of the PI3K/Akt signaling pathway (10). LY294002 is a specific PI3 kinase inhibitor (11). Another essential Akt function is the regulation of glycogen synthesis through phosphorylation and inactivation of GSK-3α and β (12,13). Akt may also play a role in insulin stimulation of glucose transport (12). In addition to its role in survival and glycogen synthesis, Akt is involved in cell cycle regulation by preventing GSK-3β-mediated phosphorylation and degradation of cyclin D1 (14) and by negatively regulating the cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitors p27 Kip1 (15) and p21 Waf1/Cip1 (16). Akt also plays a critical role in cell growth by directly phosphorylating mTOR in a rapamycin-sensitive complex containing raptor (17). More importantly, Akt phosphorylates and inactivates tuberlin (TSC2), an inhibitor of mTOR within the mTOR-raptor complex (18,19).
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Background References	1. Franke, T.F. et al. (1997) <i>Cell</i> 88, 435-7. 2. Burgering, B.M. and Coffey, P.J. (1995) <i>Nature</i> 376, 599-602. 3. Franke, T.F. et al. (1995) <i>Cell</i> 81, 727-36. 4. Alessi, D.R. et al. (1996) <i>EMBO J</i> 15, 6541-51. 5. Sarbassov, D.D. et al. (2005) <i>Science</i> 307, 1098-101. 6. Jacinto, E. et al. (2006) <i>Cell</i> 127, 125-37. 7. Cardone, M.H. et al. (1998) <i>Science</i> 282, 1318-21. 8. Brunet, A. et al. (1999) <i>Cell</i> 96, 857-68. 9. Zimmermann, S. and Moelling, K. (1999) <i>Science</i> 286, 1741-4.
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Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting **IP:** Immunoprecipitation **IHC-P:** Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)
IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry) **FC-FP:** Flow Cytometry (Fixed/Permeabilized)

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human **M:** mouse **R:** rat **Hm:** hamster **Mk:** monkey **Vir:** virus **Mi:** mink **C:** chicken **Dm:** D. melanogaster
X: Xenopus **Z:** zebrafish **B:** bovine **Dg:** dog **Pg:** pig **Sc:** S. cerevisiae **Ce:** C. elegans **Hr:** horse
GP: Guinea Pig **Rab:** rabbit **All:** all species expected

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