

#3815
Store at -20°C**Phospho-HDAC3 (Ser424)
Antibody****Cell Signaling**
TECHNOLOGY®**Orders:** 877-616-CELL (2355)
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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications:	Reactivity:	Sensitivity:	MW (kDa):	Source:	UniProt ID:	Entrez-Gene Id:
WB, IP, IHC-P, IF-IC	H M R	Endogenous	49	Rabbit	#O15379	8841

**Product Usage
Information****Application**

Western Blotting

Immunoprecipitation

Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)

Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)

Dilution

1:1000

1:50

1:200

1:200

Storage

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

Specificity / Sensitivity

Phospho-HDAC3 (Ser424) Antibody detects endogenous levels of HDAC3 protein only when phosphorylated on Ser424. The antibody does not cross-react with other HDAC proteins.

**Species predicted to
react based on 100%
sequence homology:**

Monkey, Chicken, Xenopus, Horse

Source / Purification

Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to Ser424 of human HDAC3 protein. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.

Background

Acetylation of the histone tail causes chromatin to adopt an "open" conformation, allowing increased accessibility of transcription factors to DNA. The identification of histone acetyltransferases (HATs) and their large multiprotein complexes has yielded important insights into how these enzymes regulate transcription (1,2). HAT complexes interact with sequence-specific activator proteins to target specific genes. In addition to histones, HATs can acetylate nonhistone proteins, suggesting multiple roles for these enzymes (3). In contrast, histone deacetylation promotes a "closed" chromatin conformation and typically leads to repression of gene activity (4). Mammalian histone deacetylases can be divided into three classes on the basis of their similarity to various yeast deacetylases (5). Class I proteins (HDACs 1, 2, 3, and 8) are related to the yeast Rpd3-like proteins, those in class II (HDACs 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, and 10) are related to yeast Hda1-like proteins, and class III proteins are related to the yeast protein Sir2. Inhibitors of HDAC activity are now being explored as potential therapeutic cancer agents (6,7).

HDAC3 is a nuclear and cytoplasmic protein that deacetylates both histone (H2A, H3, H4) and non-histone substrates (RelA, SRY, p53, MEF2, PCAF and p300/CBP) (8). HDAC3 deacetylase activity is stimulated by interactions with the N-CoR and SMRT co-repressor proteins. Together, these three proteins form a functional complex that represses transcription associated with nuclear hormone receptors and other transcription factors, including Rev-Erb, COUP-TF, DAX1, MAD and Pit-1 (8,9). Phosphorylation of HDAC3 on Ser424 by casein kinase 2 (CK2) also increases HDAC3 deacetylase activity (9). Subsequently, dephosphorylation by protein phosphatase 4 (PP4) decreases HDAC3 activity (9).

Background References

1. Marmorstein, R. (2001) *Cell Mol Life Sci* 58, 693-703.
2. Gregory, P.D. et al. (2001) *Exp Cell Res* 265, 195-202.
3. Liu, Y. et al. (2000) *Mol Cell Biol* 20, 5540-53.
4. Cress, W.D. and Seto, E. (2000) *J Cell Physiol* 184, 1-16.
5. Gray, S.G. and Ekström, T.J. (2001) *Exp Cell Res* 262, 75-83.
6. Thiagalingam, S. et al. (2003) *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 983, 84-100.
7. Vigushin, D.M. and Coombes, R.C. (2004) *Curr Cancer Drug Targets* 4, 205-18.
8. Karagianni, P. and Wong, J. (2007) *Oncogene* 26, 5439-5449.
9. Zhang, X. et al. (2005) *Genes Dev.* 19, 827-839.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting **IP:** Immunoprecipitation **IHC-P:** Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin)
IF-IC: Immunofluorescence (Immunocytochemistry)

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human **M:** mouse **R:** rat **Hm:** hamster **Mk:** monkey **Vir:** virus **Mi:** mink **C:** chicken **Dm:** D. melanogaster
X: Xenopus **Z:** zebrafish **B:** bovine **Dg:** dog **Pg:** pig **Sc:** S. cerevisiae **Ce:** C. elegans **Hr:** horse
GP: Guinea Pig **Rab:** rabbit **All:** all species expected

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