

Streptavidin (Sepharose® Bead Conjugate)

400 μl(40 immunoprecipitations)



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rev. 01/18/17

For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications Species Cross-Reactivity IP All

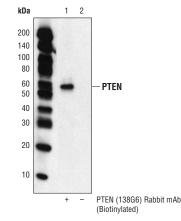
Description: Streptavidin (Sepharose[®] Bead Conjugate) is useful for the precipitation of biotinylated proteins (1,2). Recombinant streptavidin is immobilized via covalent binding of primary amino groups to N-hydroxysuccinimide (NHS)-activated Sepharose[®] beads.

Background: Streptavidin is a 53,000 dalton tetrameric protein purified from the bacterium *Streptomyces avidinii* (3). Each subunit binds to biotin with extremely high affinity. Because of its strong non-covalent interaction with biotin, streptavidin can be used to isolate biotinylated proteins (1,2).

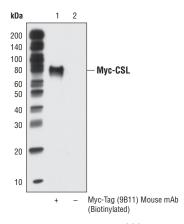
Specificity/Sensitivity: Streptavidin has a remarkably high affinity for its natural ligand, biotin. The complex and irregular structure of the biotin-binding site makes it highly optimized for biotin binding and confers great specificity to the streptavidin-biotin complexes (4).

Source/Purification: Streptavidin is expressed in *Escherichia coli.*

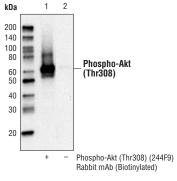
Directions for Use: Add 10 μ l of well-vortexed beads to 200 μ l of cell lysate at 1 mg/ml pre-incubated with biotinylated primary antibody. See protocol for more details.



Immunoprecipitation of extracts from NIH/3T3 cells using PTEN (138G6) Rabbit mAb (Biotinylated) #9583 and Streptavidin (Sepharose® Bead Conjugate) (Lane 1). Lysate and beads alone are shown in lane 2 indicating the specificity of the streptavidin beads. Western blotting was performed using PTEN (26H9) Mouse mAb #9556.



Immunoprecipitation of extracts from COS cells transfected with Myc-Chorionic Somatomammotropin Hormone-Like 1 (CSL) protein using Myc-Tag (9B11) Mouse mAb (Biotinylated) #2084 and Immobilized Streptavidin (Bead Conjugate) (Lane 1) shows immunocomplexes pulled down using Streptavidin (Sepharose[®] Bead Conjugate). Lysate and beads alone are shown in lane 2 indicating the specificity of the streptavidin beads. Western blotting was performed using Myc-Tag (9B11) Mouse mAb (HRP Conjugate) #2040.



Immunoprecipitation of extracts from Jurkat cells using Phospho-Akt (Thr308) (244F9) Rabbit mAb (Biotinylated) #3454 and Streptavidin (Sepharose[®] Bead Conjugate) (Lane 1). Lysate and beads alone are shown in lane 2 indicating the specificity of the streptavidin beads. Western blotting was performed using Phospho-Akt (Thr308) (L32A4) Mouse mAb #5106. **Storage:** Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA, 50% glycerol. Store at -20° C. *Do not aliquot the antibody.*

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Background References:

- Updyke, T.V. and Nicolson, G.L. (1984) J Immunol Methods 73, 83–95.
- (2) Buckie, J.W. and Cook, G.M. (1986) *Anal Biochem* 156, 463–72.
- (3) Chaiet, L. and Wolf, F.J. (1964) *Arch Biochem Biophys* 106, 1–5.
- (4) Reznik, G.O. et al. (1998) Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 95, 13525–13530.

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Applications Key: W—Western IP—Immunoprecipitation IHC—Immunohistochemistry ChIP—Chromatin Immunoprecipitation IF—Immunofluorescence F—Flow cytometry E-P—ELISA-Peptide Species Cross-Reactivity Key: H—human M—mouse R—rat Hm—hamster Mk—monkey Mi—mink C—chicken Dm—D. melanogaster X—Xenopus Z—zebrafish B—bovine Dp—dop Pp—pin Sp—S. carevisiae Ce—C. elegans Hr—horse AII—all species expected Species enclosed in parentheses are predicted to react based on 100% homology.