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Store at -20C	CDT1 Antibody		Cell Signaling		
Store		Orders:	877-616-CELL (2355) orders@cellsignal.com		
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For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

••	tivity: Sensitivity: H Endogenous	MW (kDa): 65	Source: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #Q9H211	Entrez-Gene Id: 81620		
Product Usage Information	Application Western Blotting			Dilution 1:1000			
Storage		Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity / Sensitivity	CDT1 Antibody detects	CDT1 Antibody detects endogenous levels of total CDT1 protein.					
Source / Purification	-	Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the amino terminal sequence of human CDT1.					
Background Background References	duplication of the genome the genome, and their as factors. The origin recog cycle (1,2). The prereplin binding of CDT1 and cdd The MCM complex is the chromatin licensing. Sut promoting kinases CDK2 phosphorylates MCM pr DNA polymerase (3,4). Binding of CDT1 to gem to regulate CDT1 activity RC formation and licens in response to DNA dam 1. Okuno, Y. et al. (2001 2. McNairn, A.J. et al. (2 3. Bell, S.P. and Dutta, A 4. Tsuji, T. et al. (2006) M	The initiation of DNA replication in mammalian cells is a highly coordinated process that ensures duplication of the genome only once per cell division cycle. Origins of replication are dispersed throughout the genome, and their activities are regulated via the sequential binding of prereplication and replication factors. The origin recognition complex (ORC) is thought to be bound to chromatin throughout the cell cycle (1,2). The prereplication complex (Pre-RC) forms in late mitosis/early G1 phase beginning with the binding of CDT1 and cdc6 to the origin, which allows binding of the heterohexameric MCM2-7 complex. The MCM complex is thought to be the replicative helicase, and formation of the pre-RC is referred to as chromatin licensing. Subsequent initiation of DNA replication requires the activation of the S-phase promoting kinases CDK2 and cdc7. Cdc7, which is active only in complex with its regulatory subunit dbf4, phosphorylates MCM proteins bound to chromatin and allows binding of the replication factor cdc45 and DNA polymerase (3,4). Binding of CDT1 to geminin prevents pre-RC formation, and expression and degradation of geminin serve to regulate CDT1 activity (reviewed in 5). The interaction of CDT1 with MCM proteins is important in pre-RC formation and licensing (6,7). Both cdc6 and CDT1 are degraded by the ubiquitin proteasome pathway in response to DNA damage associated with rereplication (8).					
	 Kuda, S. (2007) Troin blosci 12, 1023-41. You, Z. and Masai, H. (2008) J Biol Chem 283, 24469-77. Teer, J.K. and Dutta, A. (2008) J Biol Chem 283, 6817-25. Hall, J.R. et al. (2008) J Biol Chem 283, 25356-63. 						
Species Reactivity	Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).						
Western Blot Buffer	IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.						
Applications Key	WB: Western Blotting						
Cross-Reactivity Key	X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish	 H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected 					
Trademarks and Patents		Cell Signaling Technology is a trademark of Cell Signaling Technology, Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Visit cellsignal.com/trademarks for more information.					

CDT1 Antibody (#3386) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology

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