Revision 1

#3070 Store at -20C

Phospho-IRS-1 (Tyr895) Antibody

Cell Signaling TECHNOLOGY®

Orders: 877-616-CELL (2355)
orders@cellsignal.com

Support: 877-678-TECH (8324)

Web: info@cellsignal.com
cellsignal.com

3 Trask Lane | Danvers | Massachusetts | 01923 | USA

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications:	Reactivity:	Sensitivity:	MW (kDa):	Source:	UniProt ID:	Entrez-Gene Id:
WB	H	Transfected Only	180	Rabbit	#P35568	3667

Product Usage Information

Application	Dilution
Western Blotting	1:1000

Storage

Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 µg/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at –20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.

Specificity / Sensitivity

Phospho-IRS-1 (Tyr895) Antibody detects transfected levels of IRS-1 only when phosphorylated at Tyr895. The antibody may cross-react with other activated receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs) and docking proteins.

Species predicted to react based on 100% sequence homology:

Mouse, Rat

Source / Purification

Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Tyr896 of human IRS-1. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.

Background

Insulin receptor substrate 1 (IRS-1) is one of the major substrates of the insulin receptor kinase (1). IRS-1 contains multiple tyrosine phosphorylation motifs that serve as docking sites for SH2-domain containing proteins that mediate the metabolic and growth-promoting functions of insulin (2-4). IRS-1 also contains over 30 potential serine/threonine phosphorylation sites. Ser307 of IRS-1 is phosphorylated by JNK (5) and IKK (6) while Ser789 is phosphorylated by SIK-2, a member of the AMPK family (7). The PKC and mTOR pathways mediate phosphorylation of IRS-1 at Ser612 and Ser636/639, respectively (8,9). Phosphorylation of IRS-1 at Ser1101 is mediated by PKCθ and results in an inhibition of insulin signaling in the cell, suggesting a potential mechanism for insulin resistance in some models of obesity (10). Phosphorylation of Tyr895 in IRS-1 provides a binding site for Grb2, which mediates the downstream signaling leading to MAP kinase activation and mitogenesis (11).

Background References

1. Sun, X.J. et al. (1991) *Nature* 352, 73-77.
2. Sun, X.J. et al. (1992) *J. Biol. Chem.* 267, 22662-22672.
3. Myers Jr., M.G. et al. (1993) *Endocrinology* 132, 1421-1430.
4. Wang, L.M. et al. (1993) *Science* 261, 1591-1594.
5. Rui, L. et al. (1997) *J. Clin. Invest.* 107, 181-189.
6. Gao, Z. et al. (2002) *J. Biol. Chem.* 277, 48115-48121.
7. Horike, N. et al. (2003) *J. Biol. Chem.* 278, 18440-18447.
8. Ozes, O.N. et al. (2001) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 98, 4640-4645.
9. De Fea, K. and Ruth, R.A. (1997) *Biochemistry* 36, 12939-12947.
10. Li, Y. et al. (2004) *J. Biol. Chem.* 279, 45304-45307.
11. Valverde, A.M. et al. (2001) *Mol. Cell Biol.* 21, 2269-2280.

Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

WB: Western Blotting

Cross-Reactivity Key

H: human **M:** mouse **R:** rat **Hm:** hamster **Mk:** monkey **Vir:** virus **Mi:** mink **C:** chicken **Dm:** D. melanogaster
X: Xenopus **Z:** zebrafish **B:** bovine **Dg:** dog **Pg:** pig **Sc:** S. cerevisiae **Ce:** C. elegans **Hr:** horse
GP: Guinea Pig **Rab:** rabbit **All:** all species expected

Trademarks and Patents

Limited Uses