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Phospho-NF-κB p65 (Ser468) Antibody



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Applications: WB, IP	Reactivity: H M R	Sensitivity: Endogenous	MW (kDa): 65	Source: Rabbit	UniProt ID: #Q04206	Entrez-Gene Id: 5970	
Product Usage Information	Ар	Application			Dilution		
	We	Western Blotting			1:1000		
	Imr	Immunoprecipitation			1:50		
Storage	•	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μ g/ml BSA and 50% glycerol. Store at – 20°C. Do not aliquot the antibody.					
Specificity / Sensitiv		Phospho-NF-kappaB p65 (Ser468) Antibody detects NF-kappaB p65 only when phosphorylated at serine 468.					
Source / Purification	to re	Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Ser468 of human NF-kappaB p65. Antibodies are purified by protein A and peptide affinity chromatography.					

Background

Transcription factors of the nuclear factor κB (NF- κB)/Rel family play a pivotal role in inflammatory and immune responses (1,2). There are five family members in mammals: RelA, c-Rel, RelB, NF- $\kappa B1$ (p105/p50), and NF- $\kappa B2$ (p100/p52). Both p105 and p100 are proteolytically processed by the proteasome to produce p50 and p52, respectively. Rel proteins bind p50 and p52 to form dimeric complexes that bind DNA and regulate transcription. In unstimulated cells, NF- κB is sequestered in the cytoplasm by I κB inhibitory proteins (3-5). NF- κB -activating agents can induce the phosphorylation of I κB proteins, targeting them for rapid degradation through the ubiquitin-proteasome pathway and releasing NF- κB to enter the nucleus where it regulates gene expression (6-8). NIK and IKK α (IKK1) regulate the phosphorylation and processing of NF- $\kappa B2$ (p100) to produce p52, which translocates to the nucleus (9-11). PMA-induced NF- $\kappa B2$ transcriptional activity is dependent on the region between amino acids 442 and 470, suggesting a role for one or more of the potential phosphorylation sites (Ser457, Thr458, Thr464, or

470, suggesting a role for one or more of the potential phosphorylation sites (Ser457, Thr458, Thr464, or Ser468) in this region (12). T-cell costimulation and Calyculin A have both been shown to increase Ser468 phosphorylation (13, 14). IKK β (but not IKK α) and GSK-3 β both target this site (14, 15), which appears to have a negative regulatory role not involving inhibition of nuclear translocation after TNF α or IL-1 β stimulation (15).

Background References

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- 7. Scherer, D.C. et al. (1995) Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 92, 11259-63.
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- 12. Schmitz, M.L. et al. (1995) J Biol Chem 270, 15576-84.
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Species Reactivity

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

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Western Blot Buffer

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

Applications Key

Cross-Reactivity Key

WB: Western Blotting IP: Immunoprecipitation

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster

X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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