## IKKβ (2C8) Rabbit mAb



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## For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Applications: WB, W-S	Reactivity: H M R Mk	Sensitivity: Endogenous	<b>MW (kDa):</b> 87	Source/Isotype: Rabbit IgG	UniProt ID: #O14920	Entrez-Gene Id: 3551
Product Usage Information	Ap	plication		Dilution		
	Western Blotting			1:1000		
	Sir	nple Western™		1:10 - 1:50		
Storage		•	**	7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 μg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol and less than not aliquot the antibody.		
Specificity / Sensitivity		IKK $\beta$ (2C8) Rabbit mAb detects endogenous levels of total IKK $\beta$ protein. The antibody does not cross-react with IKK $\alpha$ or IKK $\gamma$ .				
Source / Purification		Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide corresponding to residues at the carboxy terminus of human IKK $\beta$ protein.				
Background		The NF- $\kappa$ B/Rel transcription factors are present in the cytosol in an inactive state, complexed with the inhibitory I $\kappa$ B proteins (1-3). Most agents that activate NF- $\kappa$ B do so through a common pathway based on phosphorylation-induced, proteasome-mediated degradation of I $\kappa$ B (3-7). The key regulatory step in this pathway involves activation of a high molecular weight I $\kappa$ B kinase (IKK) complex whose catalysis is generally carried out by three tightly associated IKK subunits. IKK $\alpha$ and IKK $\beta$ serve as the catalytic subunits of the kinase and IKK $\gamma$ serves as the regulatory subunit (8,9). Activation of IKK depends upon phosphorylation at Ser177 and Ser181 in the activation loop of IKK $\beta$ (Ser176 and Ser180 in IKK $\alpha$ ), which causes conformational changes, resulting in kinase activation (10-13).				
Background Refere	2. B 3. F 4. B 5. B 6. T 7. C 8. Z 9. K 10. D 11. M 12. J	<ol> <li>Baeuerle, P.A. and Baltimore, D. (1988) Science 242, 540-6.</li> <li>Beg, A.A. and Baldwin, A.S. (1993) Genes Dev 7, 2064-70.</li> <li>Finco, T.S. et al. (1994) Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 91, 11884-8.</li> <li>Brown, K. et al. (1995) Science 267, 1485-8.</li> <li>Brockman, J.A. et al. (1995) Mol Cell Biol 15, 2809-18.</li> <li>Traenckner, E.B. et al. (1995) EMBO J 14, 2876-83.</li> <li>Chen, Z.J. et al. (1996) Cell 84, 853-62.</li> <li>Zandi, E. et al. (1997) Cell 91, 243-52.</li> <li>Karin, M. (1999) Oncogene 18, 6867-74.</li> <li>DiDonato, J.A. et al. (1997) Nature 388, 548-54.</li> <li>Mercurio, F. et al. (1997) Science 278, 860-6.</li> <li>Johnson, L.N. et al. (1996) Cell 85, 149-58.</li> <li>Delhase, M. et al. (1999) Science 284, 309-13.</li> </ol>				

**Species Reactivity** 

Species reactivity is determined by testing in at least one approved application (e.g., western blot).

**Western Blot Buffer** 

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 5% w/v BSA, 1X TBS, 0.1% Tween® 20 at 4°C with gentle shaking, overnight.

**Applications Key** 

**WB:** Western Blotting **W-S:** Simple Western™

**Cross-Reactivity Key** 

H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm: D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Sc: S. cerevisiae Ce: C. elegans Hr: horse

GP: Guinea Pig Rab: rabbit All: all species expected

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## **Limited Uses**

IKKβ (2C8) Rabbit mAb (#2370) Datasheet Without Images Cell Signaling Technology

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